The Columbian.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

At $1.50 per year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.

☞No paper discontinued except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits will not be given.

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The Job Printing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete. It contains the latest new type and machinery and is the only office that runs job presses by power, giving us the best facilities. Estimates furnished on large jobs.

The Columbian.

J. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1885.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XIX, NO 44
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLIX, NO 17

RATES OF ADVERTISING

	1 W	2 W	1 M	2 M	3 M	6 M	1 Y
1 inch	$ 75	1 25	1 50	2 50	3 50	4 50	7 00
2 "	1 50	2 00	2 25	4 00	4 75	7 50	12 00
3 "	2 00	2 75	3 50	5 00	6 50	10 00	16 00
4 "	2 50	3 50	4 50	7 00	8 00	12 00	19 00
¼ col	3 25	4 50	5 50	8 00	9 50	14 50	23 00
½ col	5 50	7 00	8 00	14 00	17 00	20 00	40 00
1 column	8 00	12 00	15 00	25 00	30 00	40 00	80 00

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JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
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Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
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Office corner of Centre and Main Streets. Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

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BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on First floor, front room of COLUMBIAN Building, Main street, below Exchange Hotel.

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Attorney-at-Law.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Room No. 2, second floor.
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KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ *Pensions and Bounties Collected.*

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Office in Mize's building, over Billmeyer's grocery.

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YOCUM & GEYER,
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Members of Sharp and Alleman's Lawyers and Banker's Directory and the American Mercantile and Collection Association. Will give prompt and careful attention to collection of claims in any part of the United States or Canada, as well as to all other professional business entrusted to them

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Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

H. V. WHITE,
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Office in Browers' Building, 2nd floor. map 1-tf

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COMPANIES REPRESENTED.
☞Office first door below the post office.

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These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
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REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
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oct. 24, 1

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Rooms are heated by steam, well ventilated and elegantly furnished. Finest Bar and Lunch Counter in the city.
Meals to order at all hours. Ladies and Gents Restaurant furnished with all delicacies of the season.
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W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR
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LADY'S BOOK.

Each month for 1886 GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK, "the old reliable magazine," will contain a beautifully engraved frontispiece, illustrations of prevailing fashions in colors and black and white, designs of the latest novelties in fancy work in colors or black and white, of BERLIN WORK, CROCHET, DRAWN-THREAD WORK, EMBROIDERY, KNITTING, KNOTTING OR MACRAME, LACE, NETTING, POONAH PAINTING AND TATTING, with complete instruction for the same. In addition to plain directions and perfect illustrations of the various stitches, and instructions in different kinds of FANCY WORK, the magazine will contain many useful and elegant designs for a great variety of articles not affected by change of fashion. It is so admirably adapted to its purpose as to be indespensable to the work-table of every lady. A FULL SIZE CUT PAPER PATTERN, of which you can make your own selection from any design illustrated in the magazine, FREE OF COST, exhaustive notes on FASHIONS, with full description of those illustrated, a department of RECIPES that have been practically tested before publication, a department on HOUSEKEEPING and DRESSMAKING, two pages of SELECT MUSIC, an ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN, a department of AGRICULTURE, besides NOVELS, NOVELETTES, STORIES, HISTORY, BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES, POETRY, NOTES ON MUSIC, ART, LITERATURE, SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY and current events of the day by the best magazine writers. The mechanical production of the book will excel that of any other $2.00 magazine published. The twelve books during the year will constitute a volume of over one thousand pages. Price $2.00. A sample copy 15 cents. Liberal terms to club raisers. Address

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The Funniest Paper in America.
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Is one of the most widely read and popular papers in the country to-day, and stands without a peer in its specialty.
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Oct 31-3w

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Special Rates to Clubs.
Sample copies mailed free on application.
The PATRIOT and New York Weekly *World* one year for one dollar and fifty cents.
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AGENTS in every Township in this County to solicit subscriptions for the WEEKLY PATRIOT
Write for terms. Address all communications to
THE PATRIOT, Harrisburg, Pa.
Nov 6-3w

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The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad Street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.
FRAMES, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, FLOORING, Etc.
furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and none but skilled workmen are employed.
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furnished on application. Plans and specifications prepared by an experienced draughtsman
CHARLES KRUG,
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PRICE LIST OF
ROOFING SLATE
On Cars at Quarry.

No. 1 Slate	$3.00 to $4.00
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Seconds	3.00
No. 2 Rib Slate	2.50
Red Slate	10.50
Green Slate	4.00

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May 22-1y

$65 A MONTH AND BOARD TO AGENTS for a NEW and complete
LIFE OF GRANT
The world's greatest soldier, and the nation's most honored citizen. Low price. Rapid sales. F. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 915 Arch street, Philadelphia. oct-23-3m.

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The superiority of our Clothing, in style and finish, is sufficient guarantee against a calamity like the above. Our large stock of Suits and Overcoats for Men, Youths, Boys and Children will give permanent satisfaction.
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	Assets.
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn	$7,078,220
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,002
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,183,710
Phœnix, of London	5,206,376
London & Lancashire, of England	1,709,970
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Springfield Fire and Marine	2,082,580

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '81-

W. H. HOUSE,
—DENTIST,—
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA
11 styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Office over Kleim's Drug Store.
To be open at all hours during the day.
NOV 28-1y

TEA AND COFFEE. A handsome VASE LAMP given with a $5 order for Tea and Coffee. An Iron Stone CHAMBER SET, 10 pieces, or a TEA SET, 44 pieces, or a handsome BRONZE HANGING LAMP given with a $10 order. A CHAMBER SET of 10 pieces, with blue, maroon or pink band or an IRON STONE CHINA TEA SET of 56 pieces, or a GLASS SET of 50 pieces given with a $12 order, HANDSOME PREMIUMS, consisting of Decorated China Ware in Tea sets, also Dinner and Tea Sets combined, and Chamber Sets, etc., etc., given with orders for $18, $20, $25, $28 and $50. Send for circular, which will give you full particulars. GRAND UNION TEA COMPANY, 25 South Main St Wilkes Barre, Pa. headquarters 80 Front street, New York City. may 15-1y
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M. C. SLOAN & BRO.,
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Manufacturers of
CARRIAGES BUGGIES, PHAETONS. SLEIGHS, PLATFORM WAGONS, &C.
First-class work always on hand.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
Prices reduced to suit the times.

$50 REWARD
—FOR—
Every Ounce of Adulteration
—IN THE—
NEW PROCESS SOAP.
THE WONDERFUL 3-LB BAR.
A DE ONLY BY
Gowans & Stover,
Buffalo, N. Y.
For sale by all first-class grocers.
April 10-1-yr

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BERTSCH'S, AT BERTSCH'S,
THE ARTIST
CUTTER
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MERCHANT TAILOR.
Who always gives you the latest styles, and cuts your clothing to fit you. Having had the experience for a number of years in the Tailoring Business, has learned what material will give his customers the best satisfaction for wear and style and will try to please all who give him a call. Also on hand
Gents' Furnishing Goods
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
HATS, CAPS, AND UMBRELLAS
Always of the latest styles. Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Store next door to First National Bank
Corner Main & Market Sts.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
April 25-1y

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PLUMBING,
GAS FITTING & STEAM HEATING.
DEALER IN
STOVES & TINWARE.
All kinds of work in Sheet Iron, Roofing and Spouting promptly attended to.
☞Strict attention given to heating by steam.
Corner of Main & East Sts.,
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HUNT'S KIDNEY, LIVER & BLADDER REMEDY. NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.
30 YEARS RECORD.
CURES ALL DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS LIVER BLADDER AND URINARY ORGANS DROPSY GRAVEL DIABETES BRIGHT'S DISEASE PAINS IN THE BACK LOINS OR SIDE NERVOUS DISEASES RETENTION OR NON-RETENTION OF URINE. PRICE $1.25. Send for Pamphlet of Testimonials. HUNT'S REMEDY CO., Providence, R. I.

Physicians' Testimony.
A. W. Brown, M.D., of Providence, R. I., says: "I have used HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY in my practice for the past sixteen years, and cheerfully recommend it as being a *safe* and *reliable* remedy."
Another prominent doctor of Providence says that "I am frequently urged to use other preparations as substitutes for HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY. I find on trying them that they are worthless in comparison to it."
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"My mother, 76 years old, has chronic kidney complaint and dropsy. Nothing has ever helped her like HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY. She has received great benefit from 8 bottles and we think it will cure her."—W. W. Sanderland, Builder, Danbury, Conn.
A Minister's Wife.
Rev. Anthony Atwood, of Philadelphia, says:—"HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY has cured my wife of Dropsy in its worst form. All say that it is a miracle."
General Chace.
General Chace of Rhode Island says: "I always keep HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY in my house. Taken in small doses occasionally at night, it prevents headache, and regulates the kidneys, stomach and other organs." 10
"Disease soon shaken, by HUNT'S REMEDY taken."
C. N. CRITTENTON, N. Y., General Agent.

SCOTT'S EMULSION
OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda
Almost as Palatable as Milk.
The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs.
AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANÆMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, and all WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN it is marvellous in its results.
Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians in the countries of the world.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
oct-23-1y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
the popular favorite for dressing the hair, Restoring the color when gray, and preventing Dandruff. It cleanses the scalp, stops the hair falling, and is sure to please. 50c. and $1. sizes at Druggists.
PARKER'S TONIC
The Best Cough Cure you can use and the best known preventive of Consumption.
PARKER'S TONIC kept in a home is a sentinel to keep sickness out. Used discreetly it keeps the blood pure and the Stomach, Liver and Kidneys in working order. Coughs and Colds vanish before it. It builds up the health.
If you suffer from Debility, Skin Eruptions, Cough, Asthma, Dyspepsia, Kidney, Urinary or Female Complaints, or any disorder of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, Blood or Nerves, don't wait till you are sick in bed, but use PARKER'S TONIC to-day; it will give you new life at once.
HISCOX & CO., N. Y.
Sold by Druggists. Large saving buying $ size.
aug. 14-1y

LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.
MY DAUGHTER WAS VERY BAD OFF ON ACCOUNT OF A COLD AND PAIN ON HER LUNGS. DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL CURED HER IN 24 HOURS. ONE OF THE BOYS WAS CURED OF A SORE THROAT. THE MEDICINE HAS WORKED WONDERS IN OUR FAMILY.
ALVAH PINCKNEY.
"ITS SPECIALTIES."
DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL FOR COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, DIPHTHERIA, SORE THROAT, CATARRH, AND BRONCHIAL TROUBLES GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF.
THE MOST VIOLENT ATTACK OF NEURALGIA WILL RECEIVE IMMEDIATE AND PERMANENT RELIEF; IN FACT, AS A CURE FOR NEURALGIA IT HAS NEVER FAILED.
aug. 28-1y-ald.

"Get the Best"
HOP PLASTERS
Kill pain, soothe and stimulate the tired muscles, and wonderfully strengthen weak parts. All the valuable medicinal virtues of fresh Hops, combined with Burgundy Pitch and Canada Balsam. Applied to Backache, Sciatica, Rheumatism, Crick, Stitches, Side-Ache, Kidney Affections, Sore Chest or any of the various pains and weaknesses so common, instant relief is given. Cures Dyspepsia and Liver troubles without internal dosing. Sold everywhere, 25c. 5 for $1. Mailed for price.
HOP PLASTER CO., Prop'rs, Boston, Mass.
A Wonderful STRENGTHENER

ORNAMENTAL IRON FENCES,
OF CAST OR WROUGHT IRON.
Suitable for
Yards,
Cemetery Lots
and
Public Grounds.
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The following shows the Picket Gothic, one of the several beautiful styles of Fence manufactured by the undersigned.

For Beauty and Durability they are unsurpassed. Set up by experienced hands and warranted to give satisfaction.
Prices and specimens of other designs sent to any address.
Address
S. M. HESS,
BLOOMSBURG PA.
May 4-1f

SELECT POETRY.

[FOR THE COLUMBIAN.]

LIFE AND DEATH.

BY JOHN SUTTON.

A little while ago was seen,
The landscape dressed in living green,
And as each object met the eye,
It seemed too beautiful to die.
But now in every gorgeous hue,
How changed the scene that comes to view,
All seared by autumn's frosty breath,
All covered with the signs of death.

'Tis thus, on earth, with all that's made,
The flowers only bloom to fade,
The leaves to wither and to fall,
A common lot await's them all.
All life, on earth, must have an end,
All progress does to this attend,
However fair or pure or high,
It's but to live a while to die.

And man the noblest form of life,
Is not exempted from the strife,
Each step he takes upon his way,
Is but a step toward decay.
He's born and enters on his race,
He grows and glories in his space,
In manhoods, strength he is matured,
And thinks his life is still assured.

Vain dream, for since he drew his breath,
He's been upon the road to death,
And while each step has led him on,
Just so much of his life is gone.
We live, but dying while we live,
The years take back the life they give,
And leave us with the numberless,
As on our journey still we press.

But 'tis but forms of life that die,
The powers of life all hidden lie,
The power that all existence gives,
The real life forever lives.
The grass will yet be green again,
The flowers will deck the hill and plain,
And man may perish from the earth,
But find a higher nobler birth.

Earth then is not the living land,
We see things die on every hand,
It's only when we look above,
We find the land of life and love.
Life is a blessing God has lent,
Death, in Mercy God has sent,
That we to him ourselves may give,
And live to die, and die to live.

Stillwater, Nov. 2, 1885.

SELECT STORY.

A SWEET LOVE.

LADY CATHCART'S CONFESSION.

There was no more admired figure in London society in the season of 1879 than Lady Howard Cathcart. A widow of 28, as richly endowed by nature with wit and beauty, as by her late adoring and grateful husband with wealth unshackled by any odious restriction, she might well be reckoned among fortune's favorites.

Even the debutantes of the season, however fresh and fair, were constrained to acknowledge her supremacy, but men pleaded in vain.

For the most part she succeeded in evading, with equisite dexterity, the outspoken expression of their homage, or when this failed, she listened and declined with a grieved and grateful sweetness which riveted their chains. So many brilliant chances had been thus passed by that the world said that either her ambition was insatiable, or that she was one of the few women who prefer personal liberty to social distinction.

Bertha Cathcart sometimes smiled to herself when some of this sort of gossip was wafted back to her ears. Her ambition insatiable, when she knows it is bounded by the strong desire to lay all she is and all she has at the feet of the one who alone treats her with a courteous avoidance?

Ten years ago, on her first introduction to society, she had met young Laurence Kinnaird, the eldest son of a noble but impoverished family, who had passed his examinations for the India Civil Service with such special brilliancy and success, as to draw toward himself a certain amount of public recognition and regard.

He had obtained the enviable post of private secretary to a distinguished Governor of the Madras Presidency, and was within three months of his departure from England when their acquaintance began.

The latter part of that period was passed by him under the direct influence of Bertha Maxwell's gifts and graces, as they were both staying in the country house of a mutual friend. She was a girl of whom our choicest English homes offer so many fair samples; she was beautiful, highly intelligent and carefully educated up to the ever rising standard of the day. Care had never touched her; life had taught her no hard lessons, nor exacted any grievous discipline. Scarcely had a wish remained ungratified, or an inclination been crossed. It was not that she was incapable of sacrifice or averse to yield obedience, but that no demand upon her self denial had hitherto been made. Also she was an heiress.

Of all the men who had already gathered round and worshiped the brilliant girl, competing for the favor as knights of old at a tournament, none pleased her so well as the grave and rather cynical student, the fame of whose prodigious attainments had already attracted her toward him. After the desultory intercourse of a London season, they met, as we have said, beneath the same roof, and under conditions the most favorable for quickening a latent inclination into love or friendship. For six weeks they met and parted morning and night, until the thought of the morning hand clasp became to each an anticipated rapture, and in the light chat of social intercourse, or the more earnest discussions of thought and opinion, their eyes intuitively sought each other's for agreement or dissent. Then as other guests, less closely allied to their hostess, dropped off, they walked or rode together in the cool autumn mornings, and the young man allured by the sweet interest she showed in all he said (his speech having become for her something different from other men's) opened out his heart.

He told her of his family history; of the heroic soldier father, disabled by a long life of hard service in India, and never uttered a complaint of the scanty recognition he had got; of the tender, sickly mother, oppressed but never overwhelmed by the weight of domestic cares, and of the little crowd of brothers and sisters who were one and all looking to him to pave his own way to fortune, that he might help them along the road. It was evident to Bertha that the chief satisfaction he derived from his present success was the chance it gave him of fulfilling what seemed to her these somewhat unreasonable expectations, and he spoke of it with a simple manly gratitude, not at all as if it had been won by his own energy of will and brain.

In one word they loved each other. She knew it and rejoiced, for what stood between them and happiness? He knew it and took his resolution.

She was sitting one morning in the pretty morning room which had been set apart for her use, when he knocked at the door for admission.

"Come in!" she cried brightly. "I have finished my letters, and am ready to talk; or perhaps you have some scheme to propose?"

He looked at her for a moment with grave earnestness; in her pretty thick white gown, with a crimson sash round the little supplee waist, and a red rose in the lace at her throat, he thought he had never seen her look so fresh and fair. Her sweet face had that expression of mingled softness and ardor which was one of her distinguishing charms. He turned away from her a little and referred to a letter in his hand.

"I am afraid," he answered, with a forced smile, that the time is gone by for schemes or plans. I have received a summons from my chief—we are to sail in ten days, and those of necessity I must spend at home. I am come to say good-by."

Her lips parted, but she checked the exclamation that had nearly escaped her; she could not, however, check the sudden paling of her cheek.

Once more he glanced toward her, grasped his purpose more firmly, and went on.

"I am going away, as you know, with the prospect of a long exile from England—my life's work is cut out for me. Any regrets I may feel, I am bound to stifle. My father reminds me once more that I have my foot on the first rung of the ladder, and must mount higher, if only to pull my younger brothers after me. You would smile if you knew all the hopes they are building upon my start in life at home. It is a foreign conclusion I must never marry."

"Yes," said Bertha, with that matchless self-command which comes partly from the highest training, partly from the exigence of the unwritten code of social tradition. "I have heard you say that before. It is, of course, a much finer role to play in life to be the prop and head of one's family than to make some commonplace match, especially when it can be played without effort or denial." And she had enough faith in her own courage to raise her lovely eyes and look at him.

He was silent for a few moments, and then he said, in the low, deliberate tones she knew so well:

"It seems an unworthy thing to try and found a claim to your approval, Miss Maxwell, or pose before I go in the character of victim or martyr, but the chances are that we may never meet again, and it may help me, and cannot hurt you, if I tell you the truth. I take away with me to India a sorrow that will help to make my pledge of celibacy easy—a love that I knew very well from the beginning was hopeless, but that I had not the power, scarcely the wish to struggle against or to conquer. Now struggle and conquest are too late. I don't know that I am to blame, and I will not pretend to ask you to forgive a folly that was all but inevitable—there was nothing in your kindness which reminded me of my presumption."

He stopped and looked at her wistfully; he could not read the expression of her downcast face.

"You are not angry with me, dear?" he asked in a tone that cut her to the heart. "Oceans, and plains almost as wide as oceans, will soon divide us, and what will it matter to you then that one man whom you may never see again accepts the bitter pain of your sweet memory as the test and safeguard of his life?"

"I am not angry," she answered gently.

"No," he said, "you could not be yourself and not be sorry for me; also you could not be yourself and I not love you. Give me a passing thought sometimes if you should hear of me as playing my part fairly well in life and carrying my burdens like a man. Remember, I shall owe a great deal of what courage or patience I may show to the wish to be worthier of the girl that I have dared to love."

For a moment it was in her heart to tell him how every pulse of her being responded to the words he had spoken, and that she asked for nothing better than to share her wealth, not with him only, but with every member of the family which weighed so heavily upon him, but the next convinced her that his pride would reject such charity, and that to let him know that he left her behind to suffer as he suffered would be to make the sorrow unbearable that he was now able to bear, thinking he endured it alone. Therefore she kept her secret, and young Laurence Kinnaird sailed for Madras without a suspicion that he had won the heart of the sweetest girl in England.

But that was ten years ago.

Bertha Maxwell was married some twelve months after his departure, with the full approval of her family and friends, as well as of society at large.

She did not marry one of her youthful suitors, but a Scotch peer of great wealth and still larger philanthropy, who was old enough to be her father.

Lord Cathcart was not too old, however, to love the grave and intelligent girl who listened with such winsome interest to his manifold theories and schemes for bettering the condition of the poor on his estates, and who ultimately consented to join her life to his for the purpose of carrying them out.

Was Laurence Kinnaird consequently forgotten? By no means; but this girl could not justify it to her conscience to bitterly disappoint the reasonable expectation of her friends and wound the heart of one of the worthiest of men, in order to nurse to her grave a hopeless passion.

It might be considered by some a stretch of conscientiousness, but before marrying the mature viscount, who told her that, old as he was, he had never loved any woman before, she confessed to him the unconfessed love of her heart, and that the career of young Laurence Kinnaird, already drawing public attention to it, would always be watched by her with sympathetic interest.

The seven years of married life which followed were full of quiet content and widespread human interests, but they closed with her husband's death, and Lady Cathcart, after a long period of seclusion, in which she nursed a very real grief, had again appeared in society, where she was courted and admired with greater zest than when she was either debutante or wife.

Was it a mere coincidence that this stepping out of her retirement occurred precisely at the same time as the return of Laurence Kinnaird from India, he having obtained a long leave of absence from his onerous post of duty? She answered the question to herself with the courageous truthfulness which distinguished her, owning that it was this circumstance, and this only, which had decided her course of action.

He was still unmarried and she was free—if the old love survived, what now stood between them?

Their first meeting took place at a crowded evening assembly, and though he recognized her instantly—as, indeed, time had done little more than develop into perfect beauty the crude loveliness of the girl—he avoided more than a passing recognition.

Was she not now even richer and more desirable than before—still further removed from him on the social plane and sought by men who had the highest prizes of life to offer her?

What measureless folly to suppose that the love which was presumption in the bloom of his youth could be acceptable now that time and care and the sharp harass of accumulated responsibilities had prematurely aged and worn him! True enough, the one passion of his heart had not grown old, though he had led too busy and strenuous a life to pine and fret over the inevitable. But in the depths of his strong nature, wrapped up in its virginial shroud from all contact with the outside world, lay his love for sweet Bertha Maxwell, as fresh, pure and vigorous as when his eyes had last fallen on her girlish face. And do you suppose that she, with a woman's intuition, did not discover this?

She did, and her eyes brightened and her heart leaped within her with a joy keener than any joy she had tasted before. He loved her still—the man she had played so gallant a part in the thick of difficulties, which would have baffled and crushed ordinary men, and whose claims to honorable distinction were recognized on all sides. For ten years he had kept her memory green. Would all her life be long enough to pay him back for his sweet fidelity?

From time to time they met and parted without a step's advance to the goal she had in view—he inaccessible in his courteous reserve and she striving to overcome it as best a fond but proud woman may.

It is now very near the end of the season; the cards for the last of her little dinners have been sent out and he is to be one of her guests to-night.

It was generally conceded that of all Lady Cathcart's successful little dinners the last most nearly touched perfection, and to explain the phenomenon where a woman rules alone, it was remembered that her late husband, who had been just as much of an epicure as becomes a wise man, had bequeathed her his cellar and his chief, with all the rest of his real and personal estate.

But she herself: when had her beauty been more influential, her voice touched with tenderer inflections, or her talk more characterized by that sweet freedom and cultivated thoughtfulness which made her, every other charm apart then, the most delightful and stimulating of companions?

The most silent guest at her table was Laurence Kinnaird, but then his taciturnity was poverbial, and might be excused in a man of action; or it might be that he thought it gave more effect to his weighty and incisive words when uttered.

When Lady Cathcart rose from the table with the lady who was her constant companion and friend, she signified that, the evening being so sultry, she had ordered coffee to be served in the garden kiosk, but at the same time begged that they would consult, not their courtesy, but their inclination in regard to joining them there.

Scarcely ten minutes had elapsed before she saw from within the shelter of her summer house Laurence Kinnaird approaching the spot, and he was alone. Behold the opportunity she desired, granted her even before she was prepared to meet it! But where was the supreme courage, rising above all feminine and social conventions, that she had resolved to put forth?

No young girl's heart could have beat more strongly, or her cheek changed color more swiftly than hers. Still was she such a coward? Should love's labor be lost for want of the fitting effort on her part? She rose from her seat, and tying the black lace handkerchief she had just thrown off over her hair and under her dainty chin, said carelessly:

"I will go and meet Mr. Kinnaird, and show him my flowering yucca. He will laugh at it, no doubt, but at least I would rather know what can honestly be said in disparagement.

A few moments more, and they were walking side by side where she had walked alone that afternoon, with the full-brimmed river gently kissing the green banks, and reflecting on its clear surface every leaf of the lush overhanging foliage, and every tint of the sunset sky.

Kinnaird looked about him, and heaved an involuntary sigh.

"These are the scenes," he said, 'which a man dares not recall in India, or he might well go mad with long ing. How often I have sympathized with the wish expressed, I think by Leigh Hunt in Italy, to take bath for five minutes in the green grass of old England! But this is morbid."

"You are very hard upon yourself," she said. "I can so well enter into the feeling you describe, but why do you call it morbid? It is morbid, according to your creed, to let even a wish escape the bounds of reason?

If it were I should stand very much condemned by the creed; but I suppose all sane creatures do their best to square their practice with their theories, and draw on their reserve of patience when they find their 'best' a very inadequate quantity."

"Ah!" she answered, "you are not much changed from the old times—you were always one of the men whose reach is so much higher than their grasp, and yet some of us might be well satisfied to have lived your life during the last ten years."

"And what does Lady Cathcart know of such an insignificant life as mine? it cannot have touched her at a single point."

"All that the world knows," she said eagerly, "and more beside. I know of the hard and thankless work done through good report and evil report, through sickness and health I know much of all that with which your chief was credited was the result of your brain and courageous patience. He is the first to acknowledge it; he said to me himself, just before he returned to Madras six months ago, that you were the one man who had served under him who cared for the good done, and totally disregarded the credit for doing it. Surely, that was high praise."

"If it were, it would be saying very little for human nature. But there were a dozen men at least more disinterested than myself. If I did not labor and scheme for my personal profit, I did for that of my kith and kin. I was always on the lookout for a corner into which I could insinuate Jack, or some opening that would help poor Tom's career I was eager enough to utilize any goodwill that fell to my share for their benefit. I am scarcely to be persuaded that I am a hero, even by Lady Cathcart."

"Do you admit there is any satisfaction in having succeeded so well in doing what was required of you?"

"A little," he answered, with an impatient sigh, "but scarcely enough to justify a man's career. And there is another side to my good deeds, Lady Cathcart, and a very seamy one. What of the miserable and far-reaching mistakes which I have made in my official capacity?—of temper of judgment, aye, even of justice and mercy. Then, again, what merit lies in being without ambition, when you know the one prize of life is out of reach? To do stolidly one's routine duty saves many a man and woman among us from despair. But I am forgetting to whom I speak—or no, I remember it only too well, but it seems with less power of self-control than when I was a boy."

He turned away abruptly as he spoke, as if with the intention of breaking off the interview; but she laid a detaining hand on his arm.

"Stop!" she said, in a low but firm voice, and with a sudden flame of color sweeping over her pale cheek, "you shall not leave me this time under a mistake. I am going to confess how much that boyish self-control made me suffer. Suppose I had told you that sad Autumn morning that if you went to India you would take with you all my joy in life, would you have stayed behind? And yet it was true!"

He started and turned a little pale.

"Aye! You can venture to own a girl's folly now, but you wisely kept your secret then!" was his answer.

"I kept it," she answered with a sweet forbearance, "though it cost me a hard struggle to do so. You were bound to go away—you had the fortunes of your family to make—you would have refused to take what I yearned to give. It would have hindered, not helped you, if you had known how keenly the girl suffered whom you had left alone in England."

"For mercy's sake," he said hoarsely, "spare me, and say no more! Is it not the very refinement of a woman's cruelty to tell me of a good I never knew I had until I lost it? You loved me once, but thought it kind to keep the secret. Would that you had kept it till the end! Is it within my right to ask if the girl had ceased to suffer when she became a wife?"

"Yes and no," said she, fixing her softened eyes upon his agitated face. "When we have buried our dead, and take up the daily duties of life to those still left us, we do not cease to remember because we consent to submit to the inevitable. You had told me our love was hopeless, for you could never marry, and it seemed to me wrong to sacrifice the reasonable wishes of my dear parents, and refuse to make a good man happier. He was quite willing to take me even when he knew what I have told you, and from that hour I

THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. E. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER, 13, 1885.

Hon. Leverett Saltonstall on Monday last was appointed to be Collector of Customs at Boston. He has been a Democrat since the disruption of the Whig party, and for many years has been an active and influential member of the party in his State, repeatedly representing it in the Democratic National Conventions.

Work was resumed at John Roach's ship-yard on Monday. Arrangements have been made between the government and the assignees of John Roach, by which the two Cruisers, Boston and Chicago be completed under the supervision of Chief of Construction Wilson, of the Bureau of Construction and Repairs, and Chief Engineer Loring, of the Bureau of Steam Engineering. It is generally supposed that work will be continued even after the completion of these two vessels. It will give employment to about 300 workmen.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

On Friday last Governor Pattison issued the following proclamation setting aside Thursday, Nov. 26th as a day of thanksgiving.

During the past year we have been unusually blessed and exempted from those calamities and distresses that so often befall and afflict nations and communities. Not only have we experienced exceptional immunity from general and widespread disaster, but the steady advance of our country in civilization, material prosperity and national grandeur has been most marked.

The adaption of our form of government to the varying wants and conditions of our people and the renewed evidence of their attachment to its institutions are the most priceless blessings that a nation can enjoy. It is fitting therefore, and a duty, that the people should pause from their accustomed toil and pleasures to make acknowledgement of their dependence upon the Supreme Ruler of the Universe, and by thanksgiving and praise to show that they are not unmindful of whose hand it is that blesses and whose arm it is that protects. By so doing we shall not only evince our gratitude to the merciful God who has blessed us, but will also contribute to the cultivation and spread of that religious and reverent sentiment which is the safeguard of public, as it is the basis of private, virtue.

In conformity, therefore, with the recommendation of the President of the United States and the uniform custom of our Christian communities, I, Robert E. Pattison, governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do appoint Thursday, the 26th day of November, A. D 1885, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, and do recommend that it be so observed by the citizens of this Commonwealth.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 9, 1885.

The Capitol has been set in order for the Forty-Ninth Congress. It has been thoroughly cleaned inside and outside, newly carpeted, and otherwise made ready for the Representatives of sixty millions of people.

Although the new Congress meets in less than a month there is little speculation about its organization. Usually at this season an exciting contest over the speakership is in progress. This high office, third in rank of the offices of the Government, and second only to Presidency in point of power, is a prize justifying an earnest canvass. This year, for the first time almost in the history of Congress, no contest is indicated. Mr. Randall has said that he would not be a candidate for the Speakership, and Mr. Carlisle is sure to be re-elected, as the Democrats have a clear majority of forty-two over the Republicans. Other old officers are likely to be re-elected, Clark the clerk, and Leedman the Sergeant-at-Arms. There is a vacancy, caused by death, in the office of doorkeeper, which is sought by three candidates including Mr. Eugene Higgins, the much abused Appointment Clerk of the Treasury. The casting of the committees will not take much time, either, for most of the old members will get their old places, or be regularly promoted to fill vacancies.

Nearly one half of the new Congress will consist of inexperienced men. The total number of members in the House of Representatives is 325. There will be 138 new members. These will be at a disadvantage for some time. No matter how able or how well informed a man may be on general subjects, he will be clumsy in Congress until he learns something of its circuitous methods of doing business. It has been charged that the rules of the House were made especially for the purpose of retarding legislative work. The majority rule was abolished long ago, and the present rules are so constructed that a well led minority can defeat with ease the most positive will of the majority.

There continues to be much talk about the result of the New York and Virginia elections. One effect thus far shown is encouraging to the Administration. The Republican Senators who have been threatening to make war on some of the appointments are much subdued, and not near so eager for a fight as they were.

Senator Logan says he did not make a "bloody shirt" campaign at all. In his opinion, Mugwumpian philosophy is a delusion and a snare, and Empire State Republicans are slippery. Referring to the insinuation of some of the mourners that he had damaged the prospects of Mr. Davenport, by not keeping that soiled nether garment concealed in his valise, Senator Logan said; "If some gentlemen in New York want a scapegoat in order to get from under the hay themselves, I suppose I can flee to the mountains as well as anyone."

Governor-elect Fitzhugh Lee of Virginia, and also Lieutenant governor-elect Massey, have been in the city since their election. General Lee came with his two sons to make some purchases, and only remained a few hours. Everywhere he went on the street he was followed by a congratulatory crowd that insisted on shaking hands with him.

Senator Mahone is so broken politically and socially, that some of his friends have been urging him to leave Virginia and make his home in Washington in the feture. There are those, however who express the hope that when he emigrates from his native state he will not stop short of Alaska. There are others who wish for him a hotter climate. It has been suggested that he will rise from the depth of his gloom and run for Congress next year.

Everything that the President intends to recommend in his message, will, it is thought, receive the support of his party. The Administration is in high spirits and great harmony among Democrats is looked for now. The party feels united and strengthened by recent victories, and that it has been given new vigor and a long lease of political ascendancy.

Scraps of News.

John McCullough, the eminent actor, died at his home in Philadelphia last Sunday afternoon.

Thirteen people were killed and fifty wounded in a cyclone near Selma, Alabama, last Friday night.

Riel, the leader of the northwest rebellion, who has been sentenced to be hanged, has been respited until the 16th inst.

The steamer Algoma was wrecked on Lake Superior on Monday, and thirty seven lives were lost.

A serious accident occured on the West shore railroad on Monday, by an express train being thrown from the track by a washout. Mrs. Charles R. Platt of Rochester was killed.

Editor Stead of the *Pall Mall Gazette*, has been convicted in the Armstrong abduction case. He adheres in the main to the truth of the revelations published in the *Gazette* concerning the immoralities of London.

Mr Moody, the evangelist, has finished his work at Reading. He will hold meetings at Williamsport soon.

Franklin B. Gowen wants to be elected President of the Reading railroad, and has written a lengthly paper on the subject.

Two prisioners escaped from the Wilkesbarre jail on Monday, and two from the Tunkhannock jail the same day.

Catarrh

Is undoubtedly caused by impure blood. Hence a medicine which purifies the blood removes the cause of the disease and opens the way for a thorough cure. This is exactly what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, and it makes the cure complete by giving the system health and strength, and enabling it to throw off the depressing effects of the disease.

Catarrh

Is permanently cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mr. A. Ball, Syracuse, N. Y., says: "Hood's Sarsaparilla has helped me more for catarrh and impure blood than anything I ever used."

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for catarrh, and think it has done me a great deal of good. I recommend it to all within my reach. Hood's Sarsaparilla has been worth everything to me." LUTHER D. ROBBINS, East Thompson, Conn.

Catarrh

May be breaking down your health. Be wise in time! That flow from the nose, ringing noise in the ears, pain in the head, inflammation of the throat, cough, and nervous prostration will be cured if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I had been troubled by general debility, caused by catarrh and humors. Hood's Sarsaparilla proved just the thing needed. I derived an immense amount of benefit from it." H. F. MILLETT, Boston, Mass.

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100 Doses One Dollar.

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COLDS. "Corvilla, Ohio, Sept. 10, 1882. "Having been subject to a bronchial affection, with frequent colds, for a number of years, I hereby certify that AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL gives me prompt relief and is the most effective remedy I have ever tried. JAMES A. HAMILTON, Editor of *The Crescent*."

COUGHS. "Mt. Gilead, Ohio, June 26, 1882. "I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL this spring for a severe cough and lung trouble with good effect, and I am pleased to recommend it to any one similarly affected. HARVEY BAUGHMAN, Proprietor Globe Hotel."

PREPARED BY

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NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following account has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of columbia county and will be presented to the said Court on the First Monday of December, A. D., 1885, and confirmed nisi. and after the fourth day of said term confirmed absolute unless exceptions are filed within that time.

1st. First and final account of Martin P. Lutz, assignee of the estate of C. R. Brockway.

G. M. QUICK, Deputy. WM. H. SNYDER, Proth'y.

Prothonotary's Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., Nov. 7th, 1885.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the undersigned and to all persons to whom it may concern, that he will apply to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this Commonwealth on Monday afternoon, December 7th, 1885, at which time any person having any objection to his final discharge as an insolvent debtor, can appear and make the same known. JESSE Z. LINN.

Nov 13-4w

GRAND JURORS

FOR DECEMBER TERM.

Bloom—John Rehn, William Thomas.
Berwick—Isaiah Bower, Oswald Grasley, F K Kitchen, John Sponenberger, A D Seeley.
Catawissa—Lloyd Miller.
Center—Edward Stewart, John Wanich, Joseph Weiss.
Centralia—James Dyke, Edward McFadden.
Conyngham—Andrew Cain, James Kostenbauder, Geo Leiter.
Fishingcreek—J D McHenry.
Hemlock—Franklin Moore.
Jackson—Calvin Derr.
Maine—Joseph Geiger.
Mifflin—M V B Keller.
Montour—P S Karshner.
Scott—Joseph Carl, M C McCollum.

JURY LIST.

FOR DECEMBER TERM, FIRST WEEK.

Bloom—Peter Billmeyer, John Crotty, H B Clark, Harry Fornwald, G M Lockard, Samuel Shaffer.
Beaver—F G Lauer.
Benton—Wm Doty, Charles Gibbons, Wm Hulne, David Hartman, Eli McHenry.
Berwick—W L Snyder.
Briarcreek—R G Kashiket.
Catawissa—Augustus Brooks, Wm R Clark, D B Fortner, Michael Fetterman, Charles Sharpless.
Center—Henry Boak.
Centralia—John J Jones.
Fishingcreek—Norman McHenry, C M Shultz.
Franklin—John Bile.
Greenwood—John W Gillaspy, Henry Mather, James Vanhorn, A P Young.
Hemlock—D C Fursell, Geo Russel.
Locust—Jacob Carl, Rolandus Herbine, Daniel Pensyl.
Madison—Robert Johnson, Conrad Kramer, Peter Workhiser, D C Wollever.
Mifflin—Michael Heller, E Sweppenhiser, A Sweppenhiser, Jonathan Spade.
Montour—Henry Lazarus, G W Mears.
Mt. Pleasant—Elias Howell.
Roaringcreek—Samuel Houck, jr.
Scott—David Geisinger, G W Jacobs.
Sugarloaf—Milet Stephens.

SECOND WEEK.

Bloom—C S Fornwald, Josiah Ralston, James Staver, John Wollever.
Beaver—Elias Miller.
Benton—Bowman Crawford, J J McHenry.
Berwick—Wm Ross, Wm Thomas.
Briarcreek—John Sponenburger.
Catawissa—Benjamin Barndt, Pierce Creasy, Joseph, Fry, Cornelius Healey, M V B Kline.
Conyngham—Patrick Mohan, John Monroe, E C Price, W Raudenbush.
Fishingcreek—Samuel Coleman, B F Edgar, James Jones.
Franklin—Wm Hower, R S McHenry, Greenwood—Wm Eyer.
Jackson—Thomas W Smith.
Locust—Lemuel Erdmen, W B Snyder.
Maine—Wm Confair, Solomon Deanor.
Mt. Pleasant—Amos Wanich.
Orange—J W Masteller, Geo Appleman, Roaringcreek—Charles Kreisher.
Scott—Isaac Creveling, James Kressler.

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For the cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists. Price, 25 cents.

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REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration, executors and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, on Monday, Dec. 7th, 1885, at o'clock p. m. on said day:

No. 1. The first and final account of Levi Michael, administrator of Susannah Rumbel late of Beaver township, deceased.

No. 2. The first and partial account of Matilda Walter, administratrix of Daniel W. Walter late of Catawissa township, deceased.

No. 3. The first account of A. Z. Schock, executor of M. S. Appleman late of the town of Bloomsburg, deceased.

No. 4. The first and final account of John W. Miller administrator of Henry T. Miller late of Madison township, deceased.

No 5. The first and final account of George A. Herring, trustee to sell real estate of Edward Lewis, late of the town of Bloomsburg, deceased.

No. 6. The first and final account of P. C. Wadsworth, administrator of Daniel Thomas late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.

No. 7. The first and final account of John M. Miller, Guardian of Esther Miller (now Esther Mensinger) a minor child of Benjamin Miller late of Catawissa township, deceased.

No. 8. The first and final account of John M. Miller, guardian of Ida Miller a minor child of Benjamin Miller late of Catawissa township, deceased.

No. 9. The second and final account of Joseph W. Reece, guardian of Laura N. Parker (now Laura M. Bollas,) minor child of John I. Parker late of Jackson township, deceased.

No. 10. The second and final account of E. B. Brown, surviving executor of Jacob Yohe late of Mifflin township, deceased as filed by J. J. Brown executor of E. B. Brown, deceased.

No. 11. The first and final account of Lanah J. McHenry, administratrix of E. J. McHenry late of Fishingcreek township, decease d.

No. 12. The first and final account of Joseph W. Eves, executor of Francis Eves late of Greenwood township, deceased.

No. 13. The first and final account of I. L. and J. E. Snyder, executors of Isaac Snyder late of Mifflin township, deceased.

No. 14. The first and final account of Thomas Dolman, guardian of Charles Dolman minor child of John Dolman late of Greenwood township, deceased.

GEO. W. STERNER, Register.

nov 13 1885

LIST OF CAUSES

FOR DECEMBER TERM.

Jesse Pasten vs Jacob Hay & Son.
Frederick Hosler's use vs D H & W H R R Co.
Josiah Philips' use vs W Potts Ramsey et al.
Rohr McHenry vs Wm E Patterson.
James Bird vs Darling Cuip et al.
Mary U Holmes vs J S Woods et ux.
Adams & Sons vs Francis Evans trustee.
Peter Michael's heirs vs John Hoofnagle.
C D Fowler vs Berwick Boro.
Casper Prants vs Berwick Boro.
John L Spoonburg vs Berwick Boro.
T F Craig vs Mahala Craig.
Frank Stewart vs Daniel F Seybert.
J J Crawford vs Hiram Thomas.
D F Seybert vs E L Adams et al.
Jonas Doty et al vs John Sult.
E L Adams vs D F Seybert.
A B Herring et al vs S C Upeay.
A M Freas Mfg Co vs O F Ferris et al.
Thomas Geddis vs Joseph Foust et al.
P K Vannatta vs Joseph Foust et al.
H F Everett vs H F Sutliff et al.
Geo O Welliver vs O F Ferris et al.

ADVERTISERS! Send for select list of local newspapers. G. P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce St., N. Y. nov.13-4t,r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOHN SPRINGER, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of John Springer, deceased, late of Hemlock township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

PETER S. BRUGLER, Administrator with the will annexed.

Post office, Buckhorn, Col. Co, Pa nov 13-6w*
Residence, Hemlock township, Col. Co., Pa.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on Monday, the seventh day of December, 1885, by A. J. Schoch, H. E. Neal, John A. Funston, J. C. Brown, W. S. Reber and C. W. Miller, all of the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, under the Act of Assembly entitled, "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Bloomsburg Steam and Electric Light Co," the character and object of which is for the purpose of making and supplying heat and power by steam and the making and supplying light by electricity, the business of the said corporation to be conducted and carried on in the said town of Bloomsburg, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy, all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and supplements thereto.

JOHN M. CLARK, Oct-13-6t. Solicitor.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. WILLIAM ELWELL President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and the Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia and Montour, and the Hons. James Lake and F. L Shuman, Associate Judges of Columbia county have issued their precept, bearing date the 6th day of Oct. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 7th day of Dec. next, to continue for two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said County of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon said 28th day of Dec. with their records inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg {L. S.} the 7th day of Nov. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, and in the one hundred and ninth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

Sheriff's Office, JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my Infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. DR. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., N.Y.

Nov 13-4t-d

THE "GOOD ENOUGH"

Lamps are filled direct by THE PUMP Without Lifting the Can,—the filling tube adjusting to suit height of any Lamp. This is the most practical FAMILY CAN ever offered to the public.

FAMILY OIL CAN.

EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE ONE.

MANUFACTURED BY

Winfield Manufacturing Co.,

WARREN, OHIO.

No Dropping Oil on the Floor or Table; No Faucet to Leak or get knocked open to waste Contents or cause Explosions. No Corks to Lose. Chimes Perfectly Air Tight. No Leakage—No Evaporation—Absolutely Safe. A Universal Household Necessity. CALL AND SEE THEM.

FOR SALE IN BLOOMSBURG BY

I. W. HARTMAN & SON

AND

FARMERS' PRODUCE EXCHANGE.

oct-21-13t.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE Real Estate!

The undersigned executors of John Kelchner, deceased, will expose to public sale on

Thursday, December 3, 1885,

at 10 o'clock a. m., on the premises, the following described valuable real estate, to-wit: All that piece, parcel and tract of land, situate in the township of Mt. Pleasant, county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a corner of land of —— Grimes, thence north ten degrees west, sixty-four perches to a corner, thence north seventeen degrees west, thirty-five perches to a post; thence north fifty-six and a half degrees east seventy-three and four-tenths perches to a chestnut; thence north fifty-five degrees east fifty-three perches to a chestnut oak; thence north twenty-six degrees east, thirteen perches to a corner; thence north twenty-six degrees west twenty-three six-tenths perches to a chestnut; thence north twenty-one degrees west thirteen perches to a corner; thence north seventy-four degrees east twenty-six perches to a corner; thence north twenty-two degrees west, twenty and two-tenths perches to a pine; thence north thirty-one degrees west, forty-three and four-tenths perches to a corner thence north six degrees east thirty-eight and one-tenth perches to a hemlock; thence south twenty degrees east twenty-two perches to a hemlock (down); thence south twenty-six degrees east fifty-four perches to a post; thence south twenty-one and a half degrees east twenty perches to a corner; thence south fourteen and a half degrees east, ten and four tenths perches to a corner; thence south five degrees east eleven & five-tenths perches to a corner; thence south twenty-three degrees east thirty-four and six-tenths perches to a corner; thence south eleven degrees east twenty-seven and five-tenths perches to a corner; thence south three degrees east thirty-eight perches to a corner; thence south twelve degrees west thirty-four perches to an abuttment of bridge at creek; thence southforty-three degrees west twenty-nine and six-tenths perches to abuttment; thence south sixty-one and a half degrees west sixty-two perches to an oak; thence south seventy-seven degrees west twenty-six perches to a corner; thence south eighty-five degrees west thirty-seven and five-tenths to a corner, the place of begnning, containing

141 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, on which is erected a large two story

BRICK DWELLING HOUSE,

large bank barn, wagon shed, corn cribs, stables and out buildings, all in good condition. A good well of water at the door. About 120 acres of this farm is cleared and in a high state of cultivation, the balance is in good timber.

ALSO,

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Scott township, Columbia Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a corner near the Fishingcreek; thence by lands of John Kelchner north eighty-five degrees east thirty-seven and five-tenths perches to a corner; thence by same north seventy-seven degrees east, twenty-six perches to a stake; thence by the same north sixty-one and a half degrees east, sixty-two perches to abutternut; thence north forty-three degrees east, twenty-nine and six-tenths perches to a buttment of bridge across Fishingcreek; thence north twelve degrees east thirty-four perches to a corner; thence south eighty three degrees east, nine and six-tenths perches to a corner; thence by lands of Abram Custard, south ten and a half degrees west, forty-one perches to a corner; thence by lands of Jacob Terwilliger, south eleven degrees west, eleven and five-tenths perches to a corner; thence by the same south eighty-five and a half degrees west, three perches to a corner; thence by the same south seventy-one degrees east, two perches to a corner; thence south ten degrees west, sixteen perches to a corner; thence south eighty-seven degrees east, one perch to a corner; thence south seventeen degrees west, forty-nine perches to a corner; thence north eighty-eight and a half degrees east, forty-seven perches to a corner; thence south eighty-one and a half degrees east, eleven and five-tenths perches to a corner; thence south twenty-three degrees east thirty-five perches to a corner; thence south forty-three degrees west, nineteen and four-tenths perches to a corner; thence north sixty-four degrees west, seven and seven tenths perches to a corner; thence north seventy-three degrees west, eleven and seven-tenths perches to a corner; thence north eighty-five and one-half degrees west, sixteen perches to a stone corner; thence north eleven degrees west, eighty perches to a corner, the place of beginning, containing

114 ACRES

and four perches of land, be the same more or less, on which is erected a large

GRIST AND FLOURING MILL

with excellent water power and water right, two

FRAME DWELLING HOUSES,

a large bank barn, sheds and out buildings. The mill is provided with four pairs of burrs and all the necessary machinery in excellent condition and good working order, and with plenty of water at all times, fed by the Fishingcreek. If desired the mill and water right will be sold separately from the farm.

As the executors have decided to close out the estate at the earliest possible date, the above described tracts will positively be sold and those wishing to purchase, should avail themselves of this opportunity to secure a good farm. The executors would also have it distinctly understood that none of the heirs are desirous of having or purchasing these lands and purchasers need therefore have no hesitancy in bidding, as the highest bidder shall be the purchaser.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchse money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation absolute and the remaining three fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi. Possession given April 1st, 1886. Purchasers to pay for deeds.

H. C. KELCHNER,
E. L. KELCHNER, } Executors.
GEO. W. KELCHNER,

COURSEN, CLEMONS & CO.

Limited,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Crockery, Glassware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Indow Glass, and Plated-ware,

The 56 candle-power marsh electric lamp. The celebrated Pinafore Burner. Bird Cages, Fruit Jars.

422 Lackawanna Avenue. SCRANTON, Pa. may 1-1y

WIDE-AWAKE AGENTS WANTED FOR

THE GREAT CONSPIRACY

A thrilling review of the portentious events that led to the GREAT REBELLION, from the powerful pen of Gen. John A. Logan. Strike quick for choice field. HUBBARD BROS., Pubs., Philadelphia, Pa. Nov 6 4t d.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Col. Co., and to me directed will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

Monday, December 7, 1885,

at 2 p. m., all that certain lot of ground situate in the town of Catawissa, county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the east by an alley, on the west by Second street, on the north by Pine street, and on the south by land of legatees of Solomon Helwig, deceased, and Benjamin Barndt, whereon is erected a two story frame dwelling house and outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of James S. Lewars, administrator of Joseph Clewell, dec'd, vs. Fayen Weaver and to be sold as the property of Fayen Weaver.

Rhawn, Att'y. Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain messuage or tenement and lot of ground situate, lying and being in the town of Bloomsburg, county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the corner of a lot of ground of Philip Unangst, on the south side of Main or Second street, of said town, and running thence north sixty-one degrees east thirty-five feet to a lot of ground of Joshua Fetterman, thence by the same on the wall separating the house erected on the said premises from the house of Joshua Fetterman southwestwardly to the rear of the said house, thence southwardly along the rear wall of the house erected on the premises hereby conveyed or mortgaged, one foot and eight inches, thence by the lot of Joshua Fetterman southeastwardly to a post on Pine alley, thence along the said alley southwestwardly thirty-three feet and four inches to the corner of lot of ground of Philip Unangst, thence along the same northwestwardly two hundred and seventeen feet and six inches to the place of beginning, containing one-sixth of an acre, more or less, whereon are erected a two-story brick house and frame stable.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of Geo. Hughes, assigned to Margaret N. Harman, who assigned to Robert C. Neal vs. Lloyd Paxton and E. R. Drinker, executors of Jeremiah H. Harman, with notice to Mary N. Harman, widow, and Lizzie Fulton, and I. W. McKelvy, guardian, adiltem, of Samuel B. Harman and Helen Harman, children and heirs of the said decedent, and to be sold as the property of Lloyd Paxton and E. R. Drinker, executors of Jeremiah H. Harman, with notice to Mary N. Harman, widow, and Lizzie H. Fulton, and I. W. McKelvy, guardian, adiltem, of Samuel B. Harman and Helen Harman, children and heirs of the decedent.

Clark Att'y. Lev. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain village lot situate in Espy, Col. Co., Penn'a, bounded on the south by Main street, on the west by an alley, on the east by lot owned by Alexander Wanich, being sixty feet front on Main street, whereon is erected a two-story frame dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of M. C. Woodward vs. John Waters and Robert S. Howell and to be sold as the property of John Waters.

Howell, Att'y. Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All the real estate of Charles and Frederick Smith situate on Front street in the town of Catawissa, county of Columbia, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the east by Front street, thence running along said street sixty and a half feet to lot owned by John Boyer, on said Front street, on the west by lot of Jacob Fisher, on the north by lot of Helwig, on the south by lot of John Boyer, running along the same 88 feet to land of Fisher, whereon are erected a large frame dwelling house and stable.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of Philip H. Miller, assigned to B. Frank Zarr vs. Charles Smith and Frederick Smith and to be sold as the property of Charles Smith and Frederick Smith.

Zarr, Att'y. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain messuage and lot, piece or parcel of ground situate on the northwest corner of East and Fifth streets, in the town of Bloomsburg, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the east by East street, on the south and west by Fifth street and Strawberry alley, and on the north by lot of John Culp, being about ninety-five feet on East street, two hundred and twenty feet, more or less, on Fifth street, and two hundred feet, more or less, along lot of said John Culp and being the same premises which Samuel Nolten and wife, by deed dated the twenty-eighth day of May, A. D. 1870, and Isaiah Hagenbuch and wife by deed dated the fourteenth day of December, A. D. 1869, conveyed to Stephen H. Miller, aforesaid.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of Isaiah Giger, Josiah Giger, Jeremiah Hess, Debora Harrison and C. W. Miller, in trust now to the use of Elmira Huntington vs. S. H. Miller and to be sold as the property of S. H. Miller.

Knorr and Wintersteen, Att'y's. Lev. Fa.

JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strongly am I in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address to DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York. nov-13 4t-d

DEAFNESS its CAUSES and CURE, by one who was deaf twenty-eight years. Treated by most of the noted specialists of the day with no benefit. Cured himself in three months, and since then hundreds of others by same process. A plain, simple and successful home treatment. Address T. S. PAGE, 128 East 26th street, New York City. nov-20-4t-d.

KNABE

PIANO-FORTES.

UNEQUALLED IN

Tone, Touch, Workmanship, Durability.

WILLIAM KNABE & CO.

Nos. 204 and 206 West Baltimore St., Baltimore. No 102 Fifth avenue, New York. [nov-13-4t.

SEE THE PRICES!

NEW FALL GOODS.

Good quality quilting Calico for	3½c. per yard.
Full line of bleached and unbleached Muslin from	6c. up "
Canton Flannels from	6 to 17c. "
Red Twill Flannels from	23 to 60c. "
White and Gray Flannels, very cheap.	
All wool Ladies' Cloth, all colors,	45c. per yard.
" " " " 1½ yds. wide for	65c. "
Ladies' quilted bottom Skirts for	.90
" " " " Italian cloth for	1.25
Full line of Ladies', Gents and Childrens' Underwear cheap.	
All Wool Double Shawls from	4.25 to 7.50
New stock of Ladies' Wraps and New Markets.	
New stock of Childrens' and Misses' Coats.	
Some last seasons Coats and Dolmans at less than half price.	
Colored Dress Silks from	.40 to 1.15 per yd.
Black " " extra quality from	1.00 to 2.50 "
Brocade Velvet black and colored as low as the lowest.	
Plain Colored Velvets, all colors for	1.00 per yard.
Plain Black Velvets from	1.00 to 2.00 "
Silk Plush all colors from	2.00 to 3.75 "
The best all wool Jerseys in town for 1.00.	Jerseys all prices to 2.60.
A full line of wool dress goods at the lowest cash prices and much cheaper than ever.	
White Blankets from	1.25 to 9.50 per pair.
Ladies' fine black fleeced cotton Hose, white heels and toes. Also a full line of Hosiery, Gloves, and such goods as are usually kept in a first class	

Dry Goods Store.

(At the old stand of Lutz & Sloan.)

H. W. SLOAN.

v. 6, 3m.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

	Wholesale.	Retail.
Wheat per bushel	85 @ 95	
Rye " "	56	
Corn " " old 50 new	40	50 to 65
Oats " "	32	45
Flour " bbl		5 to 6
Butter	18	20
Eggs	20	22
Potatoes	40	50
Hams	11	14
Dried Apples	03	07
Side and shoulder	08	10
Chickens	08	10
Turkeys	10	12
Geese		
Lard per lb	08	10
Hay per ton		16.00
Vinegar per gal	20	30
Onions per bushel	75	1.00
Veal skins	07	
Wool per lb	35	
Hides	5 to 7	

COAL ON WHARF.

No 6 $2.00; Nos 4 & 5 $3.25
Bituminus, $4.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENT'S.

The following Widows' Appraisement's will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Columbia county on the First Monday of December A. D., 1885, and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions within four days thereafter will be confirmed absolute:

Joshua N. Willet, dec'd., Bloomsburg, personalty $20.00, realty $271.00.
Joseph Kline, dec'd., Mt Pleasant, personalty $300.00.
Wm. F. Pursel, dec'd., Hemlock, personalty $300.00.
Andrew J. Hess, dec'd., Sugarloaf, personalty, $3.00.
Amos Lutz, dec'd., Mifflin, personalty $113.77.

G. M. QUICK, Deputy. WM. H. SNYDER, Clerk, O. C.

Clerk's Office, Nov, 10, 1885.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF HARRIET BUCKALEW, DEC'D.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Court to distribute balance in hands of executor to and among the parties entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bloomsburg, on Friday, November 20, at 11 a. m., when and where all persons are hereby notified to make known their claims before the Auditor or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

I. E. WALLER, Oct-23-4t. Auditor.

PIANOS-ORGANS

The demand for the improved MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS is now so large that a second addition to the factory has become imperative. Do not require one-quarter as much tuning as Pianos on the prevailing thread-pin system. Consult Catalogue, free. 100 Styles of ORGANS, $22 to $900. For Cash, Easy Payments, or Rented.

Mason & Hamlin Organ and Piano Co.,

NEW YORK; BOSTON; CHICAGO.

nov-6-4t.

RULE ON HEIRS.

ESTATE OF GEORGE HESS LATE OF SUGARLOAF TOWNSHIP, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, DECEASED.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, S S:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to Rebecca Hess, Guava, Clinton Hess, Guava, Ezekiel Hess, Colerain Creek, all of Columbia county, Pa., Emanuel Hess,

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1885.

CORRECT RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:36 a. m.	11:49 a. m.
3:42 p. m.	6:13 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:21 a. m.	8:30 a. m.
10:21 a. m.	11:44 a. m.
2:20 p. m.	4:34 p. m.
6:56 p. m.	8:47 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:52 a. m.	12:05 p. m.
6:57 p. m.	4:15 p. m.
SUNDAY.	
NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:14 a m	6.48 p m

DO NOT READ THIS

unless you want to miss a great opportunity. It is the best offer ever made by any newspaper in this county.

We have made an arrangement whereby we are enabled to send THE COLUMBIAN and THE NEW YORK WEEKLY WORLD for six months for **$1.00** cash in advance, to old or new subscribers. Any old subscriber can secure the benefit of this offer by paying up to date, and one dollar additional.

The World is an eight page weekly, and is the best Democratic paper in the country. Write us a postal card with your address and we will send you sample copies of *The World* and THE COLUMBIAN. The long winter evenings will soon be here when you will want something to read, and by taking both papers you will get all the general news in one, and all the local news in the other. The two papers can not be obtained separately for less than $2.50 a year.

Think of it!

THE COLUMBIAN and THE WEEKLY WORLD

Only $1 for 6 Months.

Subscribe at once!

Cheap Advertisements.

Advertisements will be inserted in our local columns at the following rates:

Situations wanted, free.
Lost or found, free.
Help wanted, 20 cents.
Rooms to rent, 20 cents.
One time each, or 3 times, 40 cents.

PUBLIC SALES.

The executors of John Kelchner, deceased will sell valuable real estate Thursday December 3d. See advertisement.

L. R. Bomboy, administrator of Benjamin Bomboy, deceased, will sell real estate in Hemlock on Nov. 21, at 2 p. m.

Stephen Pohe and Philip L. Miller, trustees, will sell real estate of Phoebe A. Miller deceased, in Mifflinville, on Saturday, November 14, at 2 p. m.

Joseph Crawford and G. M. Kline, executors of Joseph Kline, deceased, will sell personal property on the premises of said decedent in Mt. Pleasant township, near Mordansville, on Thursday November 19th at 10 o'clock a. m.

Farms for Sale.

The farm now occupied by A. M. White in Orange township, containing one hundred acres with good buildings and improvements, is offered for sale, possession to be given April 1st, 1886. For terms and particulars apply to I. W. McKelvy or Geo. E. Elwell, Bloomsburg. Sept 25-tf

A farm of 45 acres in Hemlock township about 30 acres cleared, owned by William Webber. A good house and barn, fruit trees and a good spring on the premises. Price, $700. For further information apply to N. P. Moore, Buckhorn Pa. 3w*

Personal.

Miss Kate Swartwout of Benton has been visiting friends in town.

Paul E. Wirt, Esq., went to New York on Thursday.

Col. S. Knorr will start for the south on Saturday and expects to be absent until next April.

Mrs. Sarah Gross returned from Philadelphia on Tuesday, after an absence of two and a half years.

E. E. Person spent Sunday with his sister Mrs. B. F. Zarr. He is employed on the *Breakfast Table*, Williamsport.

A number of deer have been brought to town within a few days.

Nearly all the cases on the argument list were disposed of in court on Tuesday.

W. F. Bodine is doing some painting for H. J. Clark & Son.

C. C. Galignan is reading medicine with Dr. Gardner, and expects to follow the profession.

C. M. Terwilliger of Buckhorn was appointed post master of that place on Thursday of last week.

Two canal boats came down the river one day last week, having broken loose at Nanticoke. They are moored down at the point.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Bertsch left for Reading Saturday last. Mr. Bertsch went on to Philadelphia to see about more stock for his fall and winter trade.

Hatch your chickens without hens. A good incubator of 300 egg capacity will be sold at a bargain for cash or exchanged for a good milch cow. Apply to Dr. Shattuck at the Sanitarium, opposite the depot.

The New York *World* has put on the road a special train for the delivery of its Southern Sunday edition. The Sunday *World* was received here on Sunday morning, Nov. 8th, early in the morning, and met with a ready sale.

C. H. Allabach of Prescott, Arizona, was in town this week. Mr. Allabach served his apprenticeship with Dr. P. John in the *Republican* office of this place. He now has charge of the printing office at Headquarters Department of Arizona.

Collector's Receipt Books, Executor's and Administrator's Receipt Books, Notes of all kinds, Due Bill books, and a full line of Justice's and Constables blanks always in stock at the COLUMBIAN office.

M. C. Sloan & Bro., are getting ready for the winter trade. They are building a number of very fine sleighs of the latest patterns. Fine buggies and carriages can always be seen in their warerooms, and no better workmanship can be found anywhere.

The wonderful preparation, Keller's Catarrh Remedy, the absolute and positive cure for catarrh, malaria, skin diseases, dyspepsia, rheumatism and all blood diseases. Its success is remarkable.

By a resolution of the board of directors of the Steam Heating Company it was resolved, that while the mains are being put down for those applying for the use of steam the service pipe will be laid to the curb at the expense of the company.

Nov. 13, 2w.

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Bloomsburg for week ending Nov. 10, 1885:

Mr. H. W. Howard, Sam. B. Palmer, Esq., Mr. Harry Wahl.

Persons calling for above please say "advertised."

GEORGE A. CLARK, P. M.

Fort's Opera Company advertised for last Friday evening failed to make its appearance. Bills were circulated on Saturday that they would appear Saturday evening, but they failed to reach here at that time. A message was received that four of the troupe were under medical treatment, but we did not learn the cause of sickness.

On Tuesday evening as Gideon Heist was driving down Market street with a horse and buggy, a very careless rider on horseback came dashing up the street at full run and when a short distance above Third street came in collision with Mr. Heist's vehicle. The reckless rider did not wait to see whether any damage was done, but kept on his way, and we have not learned who he was. Mr. Heist's wagon was slightly broken.

Postmaster Clark is not satisfied with the improvements already made by him in the shape of new boxes. He is now having the postoffice papered very handsomely, and when completed no town in the state can boast of a more commodious and more handsomely finished postoffice than Bloomsburg. Mr. Clark is one of our progressive citizens and what he does he does well. Charles Hendershott is doing the paper hanging.

An effort is being made, and pushed with a vigor that presages success, to organize a base-ball association in Northumberland, Clinton, Luzerne, Union, Lycoming, Mifflin and Montour Counties. The League will comprise nine clubs, to be organized in Milton, Danville, Lewisburg, Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Lock Haven, Williamsport, Lewistown and Mt. Carmel. It will be governed by the rules of the American Association, and every endeavor be put forth to make it a permanent and creditable organization.

The vote of Benton township except for State Treasurer was omitted from the table published last week by an oversight. When our table was made up the Benton returns were not yet in, and when we got them it was too late to insert in the table. The vote there was as follows: Day 189, Quay 36, Spangler 2; For Sheriff S. Smith 190 Hagenbuch 35, A. Smith 1; District Attorney, Billmeyer 189, Smith 36; Coroner, Gwinner 189, Appleman 35, Robbins 2; Jury Commissioner, Derr 188, Buckingham 35, Bruner 2.

H. G. Eshleman has purchased the stove, tinware and gas and steam fitting establishment of C. C. Galignan. Mr. Eshleman will move his tools from the rear of Schuyler's Hardware Store to the old stand of C. C. Galignan in Opera House, Centre street, where he will keep a full line of stoves and tinware and always be ready to take orders for plumbing and gas-fitting. Harry has had an experience of a number of years in the business, and he understands plumbing in all its branches.

The business will be conducted under the firm name of H. G. Eshleman & Co.

A few weeks ago we discussed the subject of putting costs on officers by the grand jury, in which the position was taken that costs ought not to be put upon peace officers. Since then an opinion has been delivered by Judge Schuyler of Northampton county which sustains this view in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Grim et al. The prosecutor was the agent of the Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals at Bethlehem, and on complaint to him of the alleged malicious beating of a mule he made complaint against the defendant. The grand jury ignored the bill and put the costs on the prosecutor, whereupon a rule was taken to strike off the imposition of costs. The rule was made absolute on the ground that the agents of that society are peace officers, and as such entitled to the protection of the court.

On Tuesday the court made a decree allowing the amendment to the charter of the Columbia County Agricultural, Horticultural and Mechanical Association. Under the amended charter all persons desiring to become members of the Association must pay the initiation fee of one dollar on or before December 1st to entitle them to vote at the next ensuing annual election. The time of holding the annual meeting is changed from the third Saturday in May to the third Saturday in January.

When a member shall have paid in the sum of ten dollars in annual dues, he becomes a Perpetual Member and is entitled to a certificate which is transferable on application to the Secretary. The ten dollars may be paid in any sum not less than one dollar a year until all is paid, or may be paid all at once.

All members may pay their arrearages at any time up to the day of the annual meeting. Those in arrears cannot vote.

Work is begun in earnest on the steam heating for this place. The American District Steam Company of Lock Port, N. Y., has the contract. Excavation is commenced for boiler house east of Moyer Bros.' oil house between Sixth street and Lackawanna railroad. The building will be 40 by 45 feet, one story high, and built of brick. The work of digging trenches was commenced Wednesday. The engineering is under the supervision of E. P. Holly of Lock Port, N. Y., and his assistant Mr. Foresman of Williamsport. Capt. Chatham of Lock Haven has supervision of digging the trenches, and Mr. Hall of Lock Port attends to laying of the pipes. It is expected that the works will be completed ready for furnishing steam by the middle of December. The works completed will cost about $40,000. Bloomsburg can boast of being the only town in the state that introduced steam during the year 1885, and of being sixth in the number of towns or cities in the state that will have steam.

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE

COD LIVER OIL, WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES,

For Wasting Children.

Dr. S. W. COHEN, of Waco, Texas, says: "I have used your Emulsion in infantile wasting, with good results. It not only restores wasted tissue, but gives strength, and I heartily recommend it for diseases attended by atrophy."

Rabbit hunting became lawful on November 1st, and for the benefit of sports the following law relative thereto is appended:

"No person shall kill or expose for sale or have in his possession after the same has been killed, any hare, commonly called rabbit, between the first day of January and the first day of November in any year, under a penalty of $5 for every hare or rabbit so killed or exposed for sale or had in his possession. No person shall hunt or cause or permit the hunting of hares or rabbits with a ferret or ferrets, under the penalty of $10 for each and every hare and rabbit caught or killed by means of a ferret or ferrets."

Captain Moore and wife of the Salvation Army of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Miss Lieutenant Weaver of Williamsport, arrived on Saturday last and opened their meetings on Sunday morning at 11 o'clock in Furman's Hall. Meetings were held regularly every night during the week, beginning at eight o'clock. The attendance has been very large at all the meetings. This form of worship was commenced by a man named Fox in England about 200 years ago, who was persecuted for inaugurating such a peculiar mode of worship. It took a fresh start in this country a few years ago and is being carried on in many cities and towns in the United States. The plan of the Salvation Army, with headquarters at Brooklyn, Washington City and other cities, is to send out a few members into every town for the purpose of organization, after which the captain comes on and makes presentation of a flag and regularly organizes them into an army. They propose organizing an army in this place. Meetings will be held regularly every evening for some time.

A Rare Treat.

Wm. E. Sheridan, the distinguished American actor, presents his great portrayal of Louis XI at Armory Opera House, Milton, Saturday evening, Nov. 14th. Manager Lewis informs us that visitors from this section can be assured of seats, or can secure them by telephone. Reserved seats 50 cts.

Roaringcreek.

Mr. and Mrs. Livingston Yeager visited relatives in Ashland last Sunday.

Hygiene and physiology have been introduced into the public schools of this township.

The Roaringville band have decided to have "a good time" on January 1 and 2, 1886.

Isaiah and Samuel Houck, Jr., of Roaringcreek township, are building an addition to their dwelling.

Assistant Postmaster Fox wears a smiling countenance since Arbor Day. A "bran new" boy in his family.

Theo. Miner and family, of Esther Furnace, moved into Squire Swank's house, near here, last Monday.

The Kernville Cornet Band came to our village last Saturday evening and visited the Roaringville band; also serenading Wellington Yeager, Rolandus Herbine, Snyder Bros. and Jacob Yeager. Thanks, boys, come again, your music is splendid and was attentively listened to.

Benton.

Dr. H. G. Colley spent a couple days in town last week.

S. W. Ikeler is spending a couple of weeks in Berwick.

George Crossley and "Home" O'Brien spent Sunday last in Danville.

J. J. McHenry has contracted to build a house near the Christian church for A. Wilkinson.

What has become of the Benton band? We heard it at the Fair but cold weather must have affected it seriously.

Dr. Thos. McHenry and brother, Boyd, went up to the Forth Mountain last week—hunting. Came down in the evening with a large doe.

This weather is rather a damper upon our accommodating butcher, Sam. Harvey. The people are killing their own stock now that the cold weather has set in.

Rev. D. M. Kinter preached to an appreciative audience last Sunday a week. This is the first Mr. Kinter has preached here for several months, we are sorry to say. He will always be welcomed when he comes to address us.

Is not Benton township able to fight its own battles? Why is it necessary for lower townships to take sides in a matter in which they are or *should* be disinteresied. If two or three disinterested parties outside the township can overrule *this* township, then we ask, why not call upon Fishingcreek to settle all our affairs?

The vote at the recent election in this township was unusually light. Staunch old Democrats (?) went in another direction from the polls because "certain parties run the county." Well, even if they—these certain parties—do run the county what had Day to do with it? Now these Democrats had best cease wasting of their Democratic principles, for they are not genuine stuff.

Lightstreet.

Last week we were surprised at the sudden death of the only daughter of John and Alice Wanich. Nellie Pearl Wanich was born June 24th, 1884, died Nov. 3d, 1885, aged 16 months and 9 days.

Farewell dear Nellie,
Thou hast gone to rest,
Thy name is still in memory dear,
Fond hope are only blasted here.

Oh! how we miss the darling,
No more on earth thy form to see,
No more in life to greet thee,
Nor see thee drop a final tear.

Farewell dear Nellie,
How we miss thy face,
We just began to learn of thee,
When thou was't called away.

Jacob Melick of Muncy spent a short time in town looking after the interest of some property that the Melick heirs still own.

Our town was all excitement on Saturday by the band of Turks who passed through here they were a curious looking set.

O, say! Look here! do you know who it is that is not afraid to tell his prices. A. C. Heidlay our up town blacksmith is the man, he will put on four new shoes for $1.00. Beat it if you can.

Rev. Byer is holding protracted services in the M. E. church, at present there are two seeking for light on the all important subject of religion.

S. B. Graham has been engaged by A. B. White as clerk during the winter.

C. H. Kline is now at home from Hazleton looking well. Rumor has it that he remain here.

The difficulty that has existed so long in regard to our third school has ceased. It will now give all a chance to attend.

FROM the pastor of the Olivet Baptist church, Philadelphia, Pa.: I was so troubled with catarrh it seriously affected my voice. One bottle of Ely's Cream Balm did the work. My voice is fully restored. —B. F. Liepsner.

Council Proceedings.

BLOOMSBURG, Nov. 6th, 1885.

All members present at regular monthly meeting of Council except Hagenbuch and Sharpless. Mr. Rosenstock was appointed secretary in absence of Mr. Neyhard on account of ill health. Permit was granted Clark Richard to lay a drain from the cellar of his store to the brook crossing Third street. The Commissioner of highways made the following report: I consider it my duty at this time, when the work of the season is about done, to make some report as to the work that ought to be done next summer. In the first place a number of our streets are getting worn down until they are so low in the middle that it is almost impossible to keep the water in the gutters. Notably, Third, Iron, Centre and Catharine streets are the worst. And at least in parts must be filled next summer. The dirt must be hauled from somewhere at some expense; and available material fit for street filling is getting scarce. In view of this I would recommend that one of your number or a committee be appointed to go to Lime Ridge and make arrangements with some quarry to place their cleanest spawls on a pile convenient to them and us, and agree to remove them out of their way next summer. I understand such arrangements have been made by the Cemetery Company and others which resulted in getting comparatively clean spawls. If one hundred and fifty to two hundred dollars a year be spent in this way in four or five years the streets mentioned could be put in good condition, with very little more expense than the way they are now worked. Another matter for serious consideration is the road to Rupert especially that part from the double bridge to the race bridge; there is no available material nearer this place than the limestone quarries in the valley. While working on the road last summer I had a conversation with Thos. Barton in reference to hauling road material from the valley quarries in which he said he would be willing to haul with a two-horse team at two dollars a day through the winter. I have no doubt others would be willing to do the same. He said they could make he thought four or five trips a day. If arrangements could be made with a number of farmers in the lower end of town to haul at that price, I would recommend that fifty days hauling be done this winter, and dumped in heaps along the fence one load against the other; then next summer it could be shoveled over and one solid road made. Second street should have something done in the way of repairs, it is twelve years since it was made and scarcely nothing done to it since by way of repairs; and has been dug up for gas, water and sewer pipes; cross ditches for service pipe every few feet, until it is in a condition that will demand considerable work in the near future. Limestone spawls are not to be recommended for the wear of this street. If limestone is used, it should be the most solid kind; broken in pieces in sizes from a walnut to a hen's egg. I think it would be well that some inquiries be made in reference to the cost of such stone. The flow of water is so great from Market street to the lower end of Scott town that in the near future some provision must be made to carry it to the creek from somewhere in Scott town.

Complaint was made against S. C. Shive and Mrs. Petriken for neglecting to lay proper pavements. The secretary was instructed to notify the parties to lay pavement at once or the town would attend to it and 20 per cent added to the expenses.

The Superintendent of sewers made a report calling attention to the Council that the Town ordinance regulating the sewer and its connections was violated by Joshua Fetterman and "Exchange Block", who had made connections with sewer without permit, and also L. Bernard had connected with the lateral in Fifth street, without permit, and also the Opera House with the lateral on Centre street. The secretary was directed to notify the parties who have thus connected to take out permits within ten days, or their connections with the sewer will be severed; and further all persons who now hold orders for permits and fail to obtain permits from the President on or before the 30th inst., shall then be notified by the Superintendent of sewers to do so in ten days from notice, or have their connections with the sewer severed.

Permit was granted Charles Krug to build a two-story frame house on Iron street.

The following bills were passed and secretary instructed to draw orders for the same:

Expenditures for highway during month of October,	74 46
G. E. Elwell, rent of room,	15 00
M. C. Woodward, Town Constable,	4 67
Bloom Gas Co., for Sept. & Oct.,	151 00
Police Service for October,	19 00
Samuel Neyhard, Secretary,	19 00
Total	$277 13

The Educational Doctors of Bloom District and their Remedies.

In our last week's communication we showed that the asserted failure of success in the Bloomsburg schools, cannot be attributed to the "word method" of teaching; in other words, that "the careful examination" made by the directors proved a miserable failure. We shall in this article show that the remedy proposed for the disease is worse than the disease itself. We shall first give the resolution which contains the prescription.

"*Resolved*, By the Board of School Directors of Bloom School District, that the teachers be directed to again give instruction according to the 'alphabetical' method of learning to read and instead of the pure 'word' method now in use."

We shall let competent authorities give their views of the "alphabetical method of learning to read."

Prof. E. V. DeGraff says: "This method (the alphabetic) produces halting, stumbling readers, and is now abandoned by all good teachers of reading; it also lays the foundation for mechanical, unintelligible reading, which characterizes most of the schools where it is taught."

Prof. W. H. Payne, of Michigan University, passed it unnoticed; but as was seen in last week's communication, shows the philosophy of the "word method."

The author of "Alphabet, or A, B, C Method," in Riddle and Schem's Cyclopedia of Education, says: "This process (the alphabetic method) must, of course, be not only long and tedious, but exceedingly dry and uninteresting to a child, since it affords no incentive to mental activity—no food for intelligence. * * * This method has now generally been superseded by the word method."

The author of the article "Reading," in the same Cyclopedia, says: "After the child has learned to talk, he may be taught to understand, and to give vocal expression to, such written language as is adapted to his degree of mental development. To do this involves an association in the mind, of the printed form of the word (1) with its proper sound, or pronunciation, and (2) with the idea which it is intended to express. In teaching children to read, the first of these processes requires the principal attention; but, as progress is made, the second constantly increases in importance. The word and not the letters composing it, is the true element in reading. No one can be said to know how to read who is obliged to stop at the word and study its composition, before he can pronounce it. The due meaning and pronunciation of every word must be immediately recognized by the mind, without pause or hesitation, in the act of reading. But the word is made up of separate characters, representing elementary sounds; and hence arises a diversity of methods in teaching children to pronounce words. The alphabetic method, or A, B, C method, requires that the child should learn the names of all the letters of the alphabet, and then, by means of a spelling process, learn the proper pronunciation of their combinations. This process is condemned by most teachers of the present time, as long and tedious, as well as illogical. * * * * It is true that, by long and diligent rote-teaching, children learn to read by the latter method; but the question arises, are they not to a certain extent unfitted for other instruction by so illogical a process?"

One of the leading educators of England, in speaking of teaching reading, says, of what he calls the old-fashioned (alphabetic) way: "It is true that the dullest teacher can build up every word, regular or irregular, out of single letters, and teach children to read; but at what an expense of wasted time and intelligence! Every irregular word, which should be learned by the eye more than by the ear, is presented to the ear by a series of sounds, which contradict the resulting sound. The greatest proof of a child's faith in its teacher is the touching confidence with which it declares its belief that 'double-u-aitch-i-see-aitch' spells 'which.'"

In one of the "Circulars of Information of the Bureau of Education," at Washington, its writer says: "I am assured that many teachers cling to the A, B, C, and to the a, b, ab, of the old primers as if there was a divine unction in the sounds and the symbols, and yet this is the method of teaching reading against which nature protests, as do all teachers who are influenced by nature or reason."

Horace Mann, nearly forty years ago, in his report to the Massachusetts Board of Education, said: "If the child is bright, the time when he recites his alphabet is the only part of the day when he does not think. Not a single faculty of the mind is occupied except that of imitating sounds; and even the number of these imitations amounts only to twenty-six. A parrot or an idiot could do the same thing."

N. A. Calkins, Superintendent of Primary Schools of New York, says: "When the child has succeeded in learning the names of the 26 letters, he has gained no knowledge of their real use as representatives of sounds, and, consequently, little ability in determining how to pronounce a new word from naming its letters. Besides, the names of the letters constantly mislead him when formed into words. * * * * By this method the children begin to read without understanding what they read, and thus is laid the foundation for the mechanical, unintelligible reading which characterizes most of that heard in schools where the A, B, C, method is used.

This plan is in violation of fundamental laws of teaching; it attempts to compel the child to do two things at the same time, and to do both in an unnatural manner, namely, to learn reading and spelling simultaneously, and reading through spelling. * * * * Thus it will be seen that the usual plans for teaching reading by the A, B, C, method compel children to do that for which their minds are not fitted, and thus cause a loss of power by restraining them from attending to the thoughts represented by the words, and to other things which would greatly promote their development. The results are a love for reading is not enkindled; good readers are not produced. The few cases in which the results are different owe both the love for reading and the ability in this art to other causes; the pupils learned to love reading, and became able to read well in spite of poor teaching during their first lessons. There is consolation in believing that this method, which produced so many halting, stumbling readers, is now abandoned by all good teachers of reading."

Dr. Edward Brooks says: "The Alphabetic Method is that in which the teacher attempts to teach pronunciation by having the pupils call the names of the letters. Thus in the word fight, the teacher has the pupil say ef, eye, ge, aitch, tee, and then pronounce the word fight. The thought was, if there was any thought on the part of the teacher, that the naming of the letters of a word would enable the pupil to pronounce the word. * * * * *

The objection to the method is that the name of the letters is not its sound. In many cases, the name not only does not suggest the sound, but bears no relation to it. How, for instance, can any learner know that the sounds represented by aitch, eye, double, ell, spell the word hill? If we should pronounce words by uniting the names of their letters we should have quite a different word from the one intended. * * A method so evidently absurd should no longer find a place in our schools."

Rev. Dr. Thomas Hill says: "In teaching a child A, B, C and impressing on his mind that these letters spell the words of the language, you teach him a falsehood and give him little chance to detect the cheat. I say, so far from helping him to read, you have put a formidable obstacle in his way of learning to read. The letters do not spell the words, and therefore the knowledge of the letters does not aid him in reading the words; they do spell something else, and therefore are an actual hindrance in learning to read."

From a summation of the foregoing objections to the A. B. C. method of teaching reading we have the following: 1. It produces halting, stumbling readers, and is abandoned by all good teachers of reading. 2. It affords no incentive to mental activity—no food for intelligence, and has generally been superseded by the "word method." 3. It is condemned by most teachers of the present time as long and tedious, as well as illogical, and to a certain extent unfits pupils for other instructions; 4. Pupils who learn by this method do so at a great expense of wasted time and intelligence; 5. This is the method against which not only nature protests, but all teachers who are governed by nature and reason; 6. During a recitation in the alphabet not a single faculty of the mind is occupied except that of imitating sounds; 7. It is in violation of fundamental laws of teaching requiring children to do that for which their minds are not fitted; 8 It is absurd, and should no longer find a place in our schools; 9 The knowledge of the letters does not aid the child in reading the words, but actually hinders him in doing so.

These citations coming from men who have spent the best part of their lives in the study of child nature and of teaching, cannot otherwise than carry the conviction to the minds of all reasonable persons that the directors of Bloomsburg have undertaken a task for which they have shown a most lamentable degree of unfitness. They declare the "word method" of teaching reading a failure, and substitute for it the most objectionable of all methods—a method that blunts the intelligence and reduces the children to the level of parrots. Are the minds of the children of Bloomsburg of no more value than to afford material for such empiricism and quackery? No wonder the better sense of the teachers revolt against a process so unreasonable and inhuman. In our next we shall show that the alleged failures did not exist, that the conclusions reached by the directors were unwarranted, that no blame could be put upon the teachers and that whatever shortcomings were manifest must be attributed to other sources.

JUSTICE.

Only a Step.

When catarrh has progressed to a certain extent, it is only a step to that terribly fatal disease, consumption. If you have catarrh, even slightly, *it is a terrible mistake* to allow it to continue its course unchecked. If you will only read, you will find conclusive reasons why you should take Hood's Sarsaparilla for catarrh, in the statements of many people who have been completely cured of this disease in its most severe forms. Send for book containing abundant evidence, to C. I. Hood & Co., proprietors of Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

MARRIAGES.

HUGHES—SNYDER.—At the home of the bride on East Street, Bloomsburg, Nov. 5th, by Rev. S. R. Bridenbaugh, Mr. Evan D. Hughes, of Scranton, to Miss Emma H. Snyder.

GOUGH—SPONENBERGER.—On November 3d at Fowlersville, by Rev. J. V. Bodine, Mr. Benjamin F. Gough of Berwick, and Miss Clementine Sponenberger of Fowlersville.

KLINETOB—FENSTEMAKER.—At the M. E. parsonage in Beach Haven, Oct. 28, 1885, by Rev. E. M. Chilcoat, Mr. D. G. Klinetob to Miss Kate E. Fenstemaker, both of Foundryville, Columbia county, Pa.

SHAFFER—BEAGLE.—At the residence of David Shaffer in Mt. Pleasant township, on Nov. 5th, by C. L. Sands, Esq., Mr. John Shaffer to Miss Sarah A. Beagle, both of Mt. Pleasant.

DEATHS.

WHITMIRE.—In Fishingcreek township, on the 6th inst, Isaiah B. Whitmire, age 35 years, 8 month and 5 days. He leaves a widow and one son.

Berwick.

Your correspondent has been sick else he would have written during the past two weeks.

The old boys of last year are re-surveying the R. R. route through Black Creek gap. They are a jolly set and make town lively. Should this road be consummated, connecting the Pa. Branch at Nescopeck with the one across Nescopeck Mountain, it will be very desirable.

The car works are resuming with vigor. There are prospects for a continuous manufacture of cars for a long time. We have also, a new enterprise, that of making pipes that will engage about 150 hands. Berwick is shaking the dew drops from her mane and is going forth unto conquest.

Rev. Ezra Yocum, formerly of Bloom, is running a successful revival, and is winning golden opinions as preacher and pastor.

C. R. Woodin of Montrose, has been visiting friends here.

Our Literary Society is getting along finely.

Ent Bros. on Market street have just received a fine stock of goods in the stove and tinware line. The Ent name is familiar in Bloom and elsewhere.

Mrs. Fletcher Coleman has been visiting friends in Berwick.

Jno. Frantz lost a 300 lb. hog last Saturday night.

Mr. Stetler has opened up a fine watch maker shop on Fourth street. He is reputed to be a good workman, and has plenty to do.

E. K. Adams has just received a large stock of goods.

Nescopeck deserves especial attention, and we promised to give it to her in the COLUMBIAN.

Till Mahorter has been doing some fine papering at Wapwallopen and at the rear of Nescopeck.

Peter Reedy is doing some fine blacksmithing, ironing buggies, &c.

G. W. Neuer has been visiting friends in Nescopeck. He has been spending some months in Bloom, is a first class butcher.

W. E. Patterson is selling fine meat to the denizens of Berwick.

G. W. Pifer has just returned from Phila. with a large stock of tailor goods. He has a fine building. His wife is largely engaged in the millinery business.

Miss Agnes Hart recently of Hazleton, has opened up a fine millinery and mantuamaker establishment.

George Miller runs a fine saloon.

Keen has opened up a large agricultural emporium.

W Paul Hughes has a fine stock of goods.

Beach Haven is doing well. Isaac Hess the popular landlord has put up a new fine addition to his hotel where he can accommodate the public amply.

We are glad to note our neighboring towns are thus improving.

Wanamaker's.

PHILADELPHIA, November 9, 1885.

All the Lupin's merinos in the United States are here: 11,500 yards; that's all.

Monopoly! great monopoly! What do you think we are going to do? Here we've got our own way with every yard of the very best stuff of the very best maker—3000 miles of ocean between us and possible competition! What are we going to do? The value was 65 and 70 cents a yard a week ago. What is it now?

There are people within the reach of our trade who think we are grasping. They are apt to be merchants. Wonder if they are not a little grasping too. It runs in the business, may be.

Those merinos are going for 45 and 50 cents a yard.

Yes, we are grasping! It's trade we are grasping; and this is the way we grasp it

Lupin's merinos; two grades as to fineness; these colors: two drabs, tan, three garnets; gendarme, two navy-blues, four browns and myrtle; perfect; 35 to 36-inch; 45 and 50 cents a yard!

Ladies of the younger generation scarcely know what merino is. A word to them particularly.

Lupin's merino is the ancient substantial fine-wool dress-stuff. Cashmere the modern substitute. Merino is double cashmere, both sides alike. Your grandmothers used to wear it and turn it; and wear it and turn it again twice over perhaps; then dye it and turn it again; at last those thrifty matrons cut it over and let their girls have a hack at it—tear it may be; possibly wear it out.

Lupin's merino is the same as ever. Grandmothers' thrift survives here and there. The thrifty will buy this merino for treble reason: first the wear; second the money; third the beauty—for even our thrifty grandmothers thought of beauty after the other two.

So this is how Monopoly treats things; is it? Comfortable neighbor, Monopoly! What will the merchants say! "He's after the people—he's forgotten the merchants!"

By the thirteenth-street door.

Fifty-cent homespun 37½ cents; tons of it. Dollar homespun 75 cents; not so much of it.

The two are somewhat alike; one fine; the other coarse. The fine has hanging hairs, "camel's-hair;" large one-color twill; ten colors; 42-inch. The coarse: gray-and-black, brown-and-white, navy-blue, green, snuff and black; 42-inch.

Southeast from the center for the fine.
Northwest from the center for the coarse.

Standard calico of fifty to a hundred choice styles, 5 cents a yard; value 7.

Northwest from the center.

Red flannel, all-wool, 26-inch, 18 cents; about the grade that goes for 25 cents in the slower stores; as good as we could get last year for 25 cents; not so good as we are now selling for 25 cents, of course.

Northeast from the center.

Unbleached canton flannel, 30-inch, 8 cents a yard; value 10 as we estimate merchandise, 12½ in the slower stores.

Northeast from the center.

The cheapest pair of blankets in Philadelphia is somewhere. We think we know exactly where it is and which it is.

Try this one. 2½ yards wide—that's the first and most important virtue. 10 pounds of good enough wool for anybody's use—not quite 10 pounds—half to three-quarters of a pound is the cotton warp that holds the wool together. $7.50. And the best way is to cut the pair in two, and use the blankets separately. That is the cheapest pair of blankets. Not a bit of danger of anybody beating it.

Down quilts in French sateen, $3.75 to $17 by size; in silk $25 to $28. All one quality of down.

Cotton quilts, $1.25 to $4.50 As useful a cotton quilt as any is tufted scrim of natural color; $1.75. The cotton is carded clean and soft—excellent and not too costly to give to the ragman when soiled. That at $1.25 is cotton waste in calico; that at $4.50 is carded cotton in French sateen. We could get cotton quilts for 65 cents—too dirty—you wouldn't want them.

Southwest from the center.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

Chestnut, Thirteenth and Market streets, and City-hall square.

LOCAL NOTICES.

New lot of Ladies' Coats just in at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

It will pay you to read Clark & Son's offer this week, a rare chance to secure bargains.

Remember I. W. Hartman & Son's is the firm selling Ladies', Misses, and Children's Coats this season.

FOR SALE. A desirable farm surrounding the limits of Jerseytown. Inquire of H. G. Phillips. 2w

The largest assortment of ladies' and Misses tailor made Coats, Newmarkets and Wraps at Clark & Son's at lowest prices.

The dress cloths and other dress goods at I. W. Hartman & Son's are plenty and cheap.

Use O. K. Coffee the best in the market. Seldom equaled. Never excelled. For sale everywhere. Oct 2-tf

Clark & Son offer rare bargains. See ad.

Have you seen the 10 cent half-wool dress goods at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

WANTED.—Eggs, Shellbarks, Chestnuts and Walnuts, at J. F. Caldwell's, Baker and Confectioner. tf

On hand again $4 00 double shawls at I. W. Hartman & Son's. See them.

Stockinet for stockings by yard at Clark & Son's. Also full lines Ladies', Misses & Men's Hosiery.

Go early to see the new lot of coats at I. W. Hartman & Son's as they are scarce and cannot be duplicated in sizes.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

They are clean, sweet and thorough in action, cure pain, strengthen weak parts and act instantly. Call for a Hop Plaster and get it. 25 cents. All dealers.

It will not disappoint you. It is the best article known for purifying the blood and building up the health and strength. For 25 years erysipelas broke out in blotches on my face. I found no cure until I used Parker's Tonic two years ago. It is the medicine for me.—E. C. H. n 6 4t.

Erysipelas and salt rheum was driven entirely away from Mrs. J. C. Anderson, Peshtigo, Wis., by Burdock Blood Bitters. No equal as a blood purifier.

There must be an open road between the food we eat and the substance of which our bodies are composed. If the road is clogged or closed we sicken, faint and die. This road is made up of the organs of digestion and assimilation. Of these the stomach and liver are chief. Most people have had more or less experience of the horrors of constipation. Prevent it and all its fearful sequences by using Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy." It is the first step that costs.

"We don't have to recommend Parker's Hair Balsam but once," writes Mr. C. A. Burger, druggist, of Liberty, N. Y. "After that it stands on its record." It stops falling hair, restores original color, softness and gloss. Exceptionally clean, prevents dandruff. nov-6-4t.

Throughout the Southern States, at certain seasons of the year, whole communities are subject to fevers, ague, bilious attacks, and a hundred ailments. "Quinine" is the popular remedy, but the occasional use of Vinegar Bitters renders such medicines entirely unnecessary. Nothing is known to relieve a torpid liver so quickly

Wanamaker's.

CATARRH

Is a very prevalent and exceedingly disagreeable disease, liable, if neglected, to develop into serious consumption. Being a constitutional disease, it requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, acting through the blood, reaches every part of the system, effecting a radical and permanent cure of catarrh in even its most severe forms. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

"How my back does ache!" All diseases of the kidneys, retention of urine and female weaknesses, are cured by Hunt's Remedy.

A standard specific and absolute cure is found in the great liver and kidney medicine, Hunt's Remedy. Beware of imitations.

As a purifier, Ayer's Sarsaparilla acts directly and promptly. A single bottle will prove its merits. Many thousands of people are yearly saved from dangerous fevers by the exercise of a little timely care in properly cleansing the system by the use of this remedy.

N. Y. BOARD OF HEALTH ON WINE.

Dr. E. H. Janes, of the N. Y. Board of Health, says: "I take great pleasure in testifying my approbation of the superior qualities of the Port Wine produced by Alfred Speer, of Passaic, New Jersey.

After a prolonged trial I recommend his Port, Burgundy, and Claret as superior wines for the sick and debilit

Curran Confesses.

HE KILLED PAT MARTIN TWENTY-TWO YEARS AGO.

Patrick Curran has been in jail at Williamsport, for setting fire to the woods in Gamble Township, Lycoming county. Curran was stricken with paralysis and since then at times he has been out of his mind. During his fits of raving he would cry, "Take him away. Why did I kill him? That is my secret. I will tell you all some day." Sheriff Sprague visited Curran and told him if he had any thing to confess he had better do it, because he only had a short time to live. Curran said that he wanted to make his statement to a barrister. The Sheriff told him that there was no need of a lawyer, and that he would take his statement and it would be all right. Curran commenced to talk to Sheriff Sprague, but before he had spoken five minutes his tongue had become swollen and it was impossible for him to proceed. The Sheriff left the cell, but before he went away he told Curran that if he felt better in his absence he could makehis statement to one of the attendants. Late last Thursday night Curcalled one of his nurses to him and said: "I tell better now and I will now make my confession." The nurse procured paper and ink and after he had propped Curran up in the bed proceeded to write the confession which is substantially as follows:

I was born in a small hamlet near the city of Cork 81 years ago. In my youth I received a fair education, my parents being engaged in the industry of cotton bleaching. Upon my father's death I spent what money was left me in gambling and drinking, and got into any number of scrapes but was not arrested. I joined the Fenians and was leader of a number of men during the insurrection which was started by William Smith O'Brien. My boon companion was a young man by the name of Pat Martin and my acquaintanceship with him was my ruination. Martin and I got into a scrape, and that together with our connection with the Young Ireland party compelled us to flee the country. We left Cork in disguise and came to America. After knocking about New York for sometime we came to Pennsylvania and procured employment in the coal mines. We joined the Mollie Maguires and were leaders in all of their conclaves. Tiring of this as there was not money enough in it for us, we left the coal regions and tramped to Howard, in Centre County, where we heard there was a band of counterfeiters. We had learned the art of counterfeiting in the old country and determined to join this band and grow wealthy. At Howard a coldness sprang up between Martin and me on account of a girl whom we were both paying attention to. We had buried our money in an old barn on the outskirts of the town and one night in the early part of 1863 we went there to divide the spoils. Martin was very ugly and we quarreled. He hit me and then we came to blows. He threatened to blow on me and for my own protection I drew my knife from my pocket and killed him. Feeling that my crime would be discovered, I dug a hole in the corner of the barn and buried the body. I covered the spot with a bundle of rye straw and set it on fire. As soon as the barn was a blaze I made my escape and come to Williamsport and have never seen the the place where I committed the crime since. This is my secret I have kept for the last 22 years, and I feel as if I can't die until I confess.

Curran killed Martin by cutting his throat. He is decrepit with old age, his hair is gray and his face is covered with a shaggy beard. His body is swollen with paralysis and he can hardly move. He chews tobacco constantly and cries out for rum. His yells and oaths are horifying, especially when the delirium comes on and he imagines that his victim, Martin, is glaring at him from the corner of his cell. The physician says that Curran is liable to die at any moment.

Take Care of Your Animals.

Live stock are to be our especial watch and care for the coming 4 months at least. We need to Winter them as economically as possible, yet have them all the time gaining. No animal is profitable at a standstill. Stock Wintered on the warmest side of a cornstack, and coming out "spring-poor," are in no condition to make good returns during the Summer. At this season, look especially to the comfortableness of their quarters, that they may be easily cleaned, warm, and well-aired when needed. Alterations that will facilitate foddering, littering, and clearing out, should be planned and carried out at once. Tight board walls, or any others, are a much cheaper source of warmth than much feeding, so far as neat cattle, horses in use, pigs, and poultry are concerned. Horses and sheep with comfortable shelter, out of the rain, and well roofed, will bear any degree of cold they are likely to be subject to, if they have enough to eat, and the question of economy depends on the price of hay and corn, and of hemlock boards. Food consumed merely to maintain animal heat, deducting the value of the resulting manure, is a dead loss. Beeves, sheep, and pigs gain very rapidly if well fed this month. The bracing air sharpens appetites, and the variety of rich feed is greater now than at any other time of the year. They should be crowded, but not over-fed.—MASON C. WELD in *American Agriculturist for November.*

Keeping Celery in Winter.

There are several methods of preserving celery for winter use, all of which are easy and satisfactory—on paper! In looking back over the last twenty-five years, we can recall more than one failure, even when the best methods were adopted. In spite of all that is said to the contrary, it is not practically such an easy matter to preserve celery in the best condition, as one would imagine from the books. It is an exceedingly easy matter to make a mistake. You should attend to every detail, and either do the work yourself, or see that it is carefully and properly done. I have great faith in the power of loose, dry earth, to keep out frost. Firm, unbroken earth, if not covered with snow, will freeze to a considerable depth, and so before making the trench for the celery plants, we plow the soil three or four yards wide, leaving a dead-furrow in the centre. We plow at least three times, sticking the plow in the second or third time almost up to the beam. This repeated plowing leaves a mass of fine, loose, mellow soil on each side of the trench. At the bottom of this dead-furrow dig out a trench a foot or fifteen inches wide, and set in the celery plants as in the former case. We draw the celery plants on stone-boats to the trenches. And in taking them up, we leave considerable soil adhering to the roots. Do not bruise the celery, and if any of the leaves are touched with frost, cut off the parts affected. It is much easier to keep out decay, than to stop it after it has started. With an abundance of loose, fine earth all around the trench, nothing is easier than to place the plants nicely and properly in the trench with a little earth between them.—JOSEPH HARRIS in *American Agriculturist for November.*

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM — ALCOHOL

PURELY — CALIFORNIA

DR. WALKER'S

EUREKA

VINEGAR BITTERS

No other medicine known so effectually purges the blood of deep-seated diseases.

Millions bear testimony to its wonderful curative effects.

It is a purely Vegetable Preparation, made from the native herbs and roots of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol.

It removes the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health.

It is the great Blood Purifier and Life-giving Principle; a Gentle Purgative and Tonic; a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the power of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to.

The Alterative, Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Anti-Bilious, Solvent, Diuretic and Tonic properties of VINEGAR BITTERS exceed those of any other medicine in the world.

No person can take the BITTERS according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Bilious, Remittent, Intermittent and Malarial Fevers are prevalent throughout the United States, particularly in the valleys of our great rivers and their vast tributaries during the Summer and Autumn, especially during seasons of unusual heat and dryness.

These Fevers are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these organs, is absolutely necessary.

There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as it will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus forearmed.

It Invigorates the Stomach and stimulates the torpid Liver and Bowels, cleansing the blood of all impurities, imparting life and vigor to the frame, and carrying off without the aid of Calomel, or other minerals, all poisonous matter from the system. It is easy of administration, prompt in action, and certain in its results.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Pneumonia, Dizziness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are at once relieved by VINEGAR BITTERS.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, the Bitters have no equal. In these, as in all constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS has shown its great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Typesetters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to Paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take occasional doses of VINEGAR BITTERS.

Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Swellings, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations, Humors and diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of the Bitters.

Pin, Tape and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics, will free the system from worms like VINEGAR BITTERS.

Measles, Scarlet Fever, Mumps, Whooping Cough, and all children's diseases may be made less severe by keeping the bowels open with mild doses of the Bitters. This wonderful remedy is especially adapted to the systems of children, for purifying herbs alone give it its remarkable curative powers. It contains no alcohol, opium or other poison.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, this Bitters has no equal.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood when its impurities burst through the skin in Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when, and the health of the system will follow.

In conclusion: Give the Bitters a trial. It will speak for itself. One bottle is a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Around each bottle are full directions printed in different languages.

R. H. McDonald Drug Co., Proprietors, San Francisco, Cal., and 528, 530 & 532 Washington St., Cor. Charlton st., New York.

Sold by all Dealers and Druggists.

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"SPY OF THE REBELLION."

Now selling by the *Tens of thousands!* No competition. Only book of its kind. The **"SPY"** reveals many *secrets of the war* never before published. A graphic account of the conspiracy to assassinate Lincoln. Perilous experiences of our FEDERAL SPIES in the Rebel Capitol; their heroic bravery fully recounted in these vivid sketches. The **"Spy"** is the **most thrilling war book ever published.** Endorsed by hundreds of Press and Agents' testimonials. A large handsome book, 608 pages; 50 illustrations.

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AGENTS! This book is *out-selling* all others. Over *one hundred thousand* applications for agencies have been received. We have many agents who have sold from *two to five hundred copies.*

The **"SPY"** is sold only by our **Agents,** and can *not* be found in bookstores. Sells to merchants, farmers, mechanics, and *everybody.* **Absolutely** *the easiest book to sell ever known!* We want one agent in every Grand Army Post and in every township and county in the U. S. For full particulars and *terms to agents* address G. W. CARLETON & CO., Publishers, New York.

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The Best Newspaper in America, and by far the Most Readable.

Agents wanted everywhere to earn money in distributing the Sun's Premiums.

The most interesting and advantageous offers ever made by any Newspaper.

No Subscriber ignored or neglected. Something for all.

Beautiful and Substantial Premiums in Standard Gold and other Watches, Valuable Books, the Best Family Sewing Machine known to the trade, and an unequaled list of objects of real utility and instruction.

Rates, by Mail, Postpaid:

DAILY, per Year (without Sunday)	$6 00
DAILY, per Month (without Sunday)	50
SUNDAY, per Year	1 00
FOR EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR	7 00
WEEKLY, per Year	1 00

Address, THE SUN, New York City.

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Dr. McTaggart

This noted Specialist of Scranton, is the only specialist this side of New York, Philadelphia and Buffalo who makes an exclusive specialty of treating chronic, long standing and lingering diseases to which man and womankind are subject, such as Consumption, Bronchial affections, Scrofula, Salt-Rheum, Loss of Manhood, Skin diseases, Rheumatism, Ulcers, Old Sores, Epilepsy, Syphilis, Deafness, Loss of Voice, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chills and Fever, Worms, Liver complaint, Cancers, Tumors, Paralysis, Tape worm, Heart disease, &c., &c.

☞ Female diseases a specialty.

No matter how long you have been suffering nor how many Doctors you have employed in vain, you should apply to Dr. McTAGGART at once, when he will tell directly without holding out false hopes whether your disease is strictly curable or can only be relieved.

He owes his wide reputation for the successful treatment of all lingering or chronic diseases to experience and close application for over 20 years, and to no *miraculous power.*

WHAT THE PAPERS SAY:

"He is skillful honest, efficient, upright and reliable and well worthy of the people's confidence and esteem. He always says exactly what he means and means exactly what he says."—Scranton *Republican.*

"He is too useful a man to lose."—Lackawanna *Democrat.*

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A BIG OFFER. To introduce them to 100 ashing achines. If you want one send us your name, P. O. and express office at once. THE NATIONAL CO., 21 Dey St., N. Y.

Oct. 30-4W d

LIKE HIS FATHER.

He Was Afflicted With Stone in the Bladder.

Mr. S. W. Hicks, of Pleasant Valley, Duchess county, N. Y., the son of Mr. E. S. Hicks, whose name may have appeared in this journal in connection with an article similar to this, was, like his father, afflicted with stone in the bladder, only that his case was more serious than his father's. The father advised the son to write to Dr. David Kennedy, of Roundout, N. Y., who, he said, would tell him what to do. Dr. Kennedy replied, suggesting the use of KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY, which had worked so successfully in the father's case. Mr. Hicks, who had been assured by the local physicians that they could do nothing more for him, tried FAVORITE REMEDY. After two weeks' use of it he passed a stone ½ of an inch long and the thickness of a pipe stem. Since then he has had no symptoms of a return of the trouble. Here is a sick man healed. What better results could have been expected? What greater benefit could medical science confer? The end was gained; that is surely enough. Dr. Kennedy assures the public, by a reputation which he can not afford to imperil, that the FAVORITE REMEDY does invigorate the blood, cures liver, kidney and bladder complaints, as well as all those diseases and weaknesses peculiar to females.

Thousands of Grateful People voluntarily testify in letters to Dr. Kennedy, with a warmth and fullness of words which mere business documents and certificates never possess, what "Favorite Remedy," the great specific for blood, liver and kidney disorders, has done for them and their friends.

TRADE MARK

KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY,

THE GREAT

Blood Purifier of the World.

AN ABSOLUTE CURE FOR

CATARRH.

THE most stubborn cases yield readily to it and has not failed to Cure a single case where directions are followed. Its success has been unparalleled and its cures wonderful. It is the most successful preparation in the market for CATARRH and the only one that promises an Absolute, Positive Cure. It is truly a blessing to mankind. **A Trial is all that is asked for it.** Once used, it is always recommended. Send for testimonials of actual cures.

IT HAS NO EQUAL FOR

MALARIA.

A POSITIVE CURE IS ASSURED.

One bottle is generally sufficient for a cure. Stop taking Quinine. A trial only is asked for KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY. It is a SPECIFIC for all diseases arising from an impure blood and drives all eruptions from the skin. For Syphilitic complaints it is superior to any preparation in the market. One bottle will cure most of the following complaints and a continued use will POSITIVELY cure. Save doctor bills and try it.

RHEUMATISM.
SCROFULA.
SKIN ERUPTIONS.
VENEREAL DISEASES.
DYSPEPSIA.
LOSS OF APPETITE.
FEELING OF LANGOUR.
BILIOUSNESS.
LIVER TROUBLES.
NERVOUS WEAKNESS.
FEMALE WEAKNESS.

KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY is no patent medicine, but a safe and pleasant preparation to take and surely the greatest medical discovery of the age. One bottle represents the entire system and possesses more virtue than a half dozen bottles of ordinary patent preparations. Write for testimonials and other information.

☞ For sale by druggists generally.

PRICE $1.00 A BOTTLE. SIX BOTTLES FOR $5.00. On receipt of $5.00 by the manufacturers, SAMUEL E. KELLER & CO., Harrisburg, Pa., SIX bottles will be sent express paid.

TRADE MARK.

A HOME DRUGGIST

TESTIFIES.

Popularity at home is not always the best test of merit, but we point proudly to the fact that no other medicine has won for itself such universal approbation in its own city, state, and country, and among all people, as

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

The following letter from one of our best known Massachusetts Druggists should be of interest to every sufferer:—

RHEUMATISM. "Eight years ago I had an attack of **Rheumatism,** so severe that I could not move from the bed, or dress, without help. I tried several remedies without much if any relief, until I took AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, by the use of two bottles of which I was completely cured. Have had large quantities of your SARSAPARILLA, and it still retains its wonderful popularity. The many notable cures it has effected in this city convince me that it is the best blood medicine ever offered to the public. E. F. HARRIS."

River St., Buckland, Mass., May 13, 1882.

SALT RHEUM. GEORGE ANDREWS, overseer in the Lowell Carpet Corporation, was for over twenty years before his removal to Lowell afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form, its ulcerations actually covered more than half the surface of his body and limbs. He was entirely cured by AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. See certificate in Ayer's Almanac for 1883.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1 six bottles for $5.

SUPERIOR SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES

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PATHOLOGICAL DIAGRAM.

IF YOU have Scrofula, Erysipelas or Salt Rheum Humors, affecting the Kidneys or Liver—Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT will cleanse, purify and cure. Ask your druggist for it. 25c., $1.

IF YOU have Bulging, or Fullness over the Cardiac region, or have Jerking, or slapping quality of heart beat, or Oscillation of the Valves—Dr. Kilmer's OCEAN-WEED regulates and cures. Ask your druggist for it. $1.

IF YOUR Blood is full of humors affecting the Heart—Dr. Kilmer's OCEAN-WEED will cleanse it from all impurities, enrich it, and make new. Ask your druggist for it. $1.00.

LADIES, for poor appetite, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Neuralgia, Debility and Nervousness, rely on Dr. Kilmer's FEMALE REMEDY. Druggists sell it. $1.

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Our office is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain Patents in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model or drawing. We advise as to patentability free of charge, and we make no charge unless patent is secured.

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an 9-1f

"Dropped Dead."

THE FATE THAT OVERCAME "LITTLE MAC" AND FIVE OTHER GOVERNORS.

Apropos of the sudden death of Gen. Geo. B. McClellan, we note that the New York *Sun,* points out the singular fact that Governor DeWitt Clinton, Governor Silas Wright, Governor William L. Marcy, Governor and Chief Justice Sanford E. Church, and Governor R. E. Fenton, all of New York State, *dropped dead of heart disease and under quite identical circumstances—each of them dying while reading a letter except Marcy* who was perusing Cowper's poems!

Hold your hand against the ribs on your left side, front,—the regular, steady beating of the great "force pump" of the system, run by an unknown and mysterious Engineer, is awful in its impressiveness!

Few persons like to count their own pulse-beats, and fewer persons still enjoy marking the "thub—thub" of their own heart.

"*What if it should skip a beat!*"

As a matter of fact the heart is the least susceptible to primary disease of any of our vital organs. It is, however very much injured by certain long continued congestions of the vital organs, like the kidneys, liver and stomach. Moreover blood filled with uric acid produces a rheumatic tendency, and is very injurious to healthful heart action,—it often proves fatal, and of course, the uric acid comes from imparied kidney action.

Roberts, the great English authority, says that heart disease is chiefly secondary to some more fatal malady in the blood or other vital organs. That is, it is not the original source of the fatal malady.

The work of the heart is to force blood into every part of the system. If the organs are sound it is an easy task. If they are at all diseased, it is a very, very hard task. Take as an illustration: The kidneys are very subject to conjestion and yet, being deficent in the nerves of sensation, this conjested condition is *not indicated by pain.* It may exist for years, unknown even to physicians, and if it does not result in complete destruction of the kidneys, the extra work which is forced upon the heart weakens it every year, and —a "mysterious" sudden death claims another victim!

This is the true history of "heart disease."—so called which in reality is chiefly a secondary effect of Bright's disease of the kidneys, and indicates the universal need of that renowned specific Warner's safe cure.

B. F. Larrabee, Esq., of Boston, who was by it so wonderfully cured of Bright's disease, in 1879, says that with its disappearance went the distressing heart disorder, which he then discovered was only secondary to the renal trouble.

There is a general impression that the medical profession is not at fault if it frankly admits that heart disease is the cause of death. In other words, a cure of heart disease is not expected of them!

There may be no help for a broken down, worn out, apoplectic heart, but there is a help for the kidney disorder which in most cases is responsible for the heart trouble, and if its use put money and fame into the treasury of the profession instead of into the hands of an independent investigator, every graduated doctor in the world would exclaim of it, as one, nobler and less prejudiced than his fellows, once exclaimed: "It is a God-send to humanity!"

What therefore must be the public estimate of that bigotry and want of frankness which forbids in such cases (because foresooth: it is a proprietary article), the use of the one effective remedial agency of the age?

"Heart disease, "indeed! Why not call such things by their right names? Why not?

"Dead without a moment's warning." This likewise is an untruth! Warnings are given by the thousand. Physicians are "not surprised." They "expected it!" They know what the end will be, but the victim?—"oh no, he mustn't be told, you know, it would only frighten him, for there is no help you know, for it!"

The fate that attended "Little Mac" and the five governors is not a royal and exclusive one—it threatens every one who fails to heed the warnings of nature as set forth above.

Confederate Appointees.

The attention of Governor Porter, Assistant Secretary of State, was called to the statement made by Mr. S. V. White, on taking the chair at a Republican mass-meeting in Brooklyn recently that of the diplomatic appointments made by the present administration 80 had borne arms during the late war, but that only one out of that number had fought on the Union side in the contest.

"That is not so," replied Governor Porter. "In making the appointments the fact whether those selected fought in either army is not taken into consideration, and consequently no record is kept of it. But from my personal knowledge of the men who have been appointed, I know that those figures are not correct. There has always existed a wrong impression about the number of Confederates appointed through this department. The surprisingly few appointments of this kind as compared with the generally supposed number has frequently been a subject of comment here in my office. When Lawton and Jackson were appointed simultaneously early in the administration the cry went up, 'the Confederates are to have everything,' and a good many people have never been disabused of that idea."

Governor Porter then picked up an official list of all the diplomatic and consular appointments made by the present Administration, numbering 120, and checked off the names of those whom he either knew to have been in the Confederate army or was satisfied belonging to it from their place of residence and their age. They numbered only twelve. While satisfied that many of the other appointments had been Union soldiers, he was unable to pick out more than three of whose war history he was certain. Two of them were given first class missions, Charles Denby, Minister to China, and Wm. F. Roberts, Minister to Chili. The third was James M. Morgan, Consel General to Melbourne. Only two Confederates received first-class missions, Henry R. Jackson, Minister to Mexico, and Thos. J. Jarvis, Minister to Brazil.

J. H. Mercer wishes to state that he has at last found an article he can sell on its merits. It is with pleasure he guarantees to the public Acker's English Remedy as a sure and never failing cure for Asthma, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, and all Lung Troubles. It is the standard remedy for Consumption. I have never found its equal.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

THE GREAT Unfailing Specific FOR **LIVER DISEASE.**

SYMPTOMS: Bitter or bad taste in mouth; tongue coated white or covwith a brown fur; pain in the back, sides, or joints —often mistaken for rheumatism; SOUR STOMACH; LOSS OF APPETITE; sometimes nausea and waterbrash, or indigestion; flatulency and acid eructations, bowels alternately costive and lax; HEADACHE; loss of memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do some thing which ought to have been done; DEBILITY; low spirits; a thick, YELLOW appearance of the skin and eyes; a dry cough; fever, restlessness; the urine is scanty and high colored, and, if allowed to stand, deposits a sediment.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULAT R

(PURELY VEGETABLE)

Is generally used in the South to arouse the torpid liver to a healthy action.

IT ACTS WITH EXTRAORDINARY EFFICACY ON THE

LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.

AS EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR

MALARIA,	DYSPEPSIA,
CONSTIPATION,	BILIOUSNESS,
SICK HEADACHE,	JAUNDICE,
NAUSEA,	COLIC,
MENTAL DEPRESSION,	BOWEL COMPLAINTS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

Endorsed by the use of 7 millions of bottles as

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July 17-1y

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH.			STATIONS.	SOUTH.		
p.m.	p.m.	a.m		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
9 00	12 30	8 50	....Scranton....	6 10	9 15	2 05
8 54	12 26	8 26	...Bellevue....	6 15	9 20	2 10
8 48	12 22	8 22	...Taylorville...	6 20	9 26	2 15
8 40	12 15	8 16	...Lackawanna...	6 27	9 34	2 22
8 33	12 08	8 10	....Pittston....	6 34	9 41	2 30
8 27	12 03	8 05	...West Pittston.	6 40	9 46	2 36
8 22	11 58	7 58	....Wyoming....	6 45	9 52	2 41
8 17	11 54	7 54	.....Maltby.....	6 49	9 56	2 44
8 12	11 49	7 50	.....Benett.....	6 53	10 01	2 47
8 08	11 47	7 47	....Kingston....	6 58	10 05	2 50
8 08	11 47	7 47	....Kingston....	6 58	10 05	2 50
8 03	11 42	7 42	Plymouth Junc	7 02	10 10	2 55
7 59	11 38	7 38	....Plymouth....	7 06	10 15	2 59
7 54	11 34	7 34	....Avondale....	7 12	10 20	3 05
7 50	11 30	7 30	....Nanticoke...	7 15	10 25	3 10
7 43	11 23	7 23	Hunlock's Creek	7 23	10 32	3 17
7 30	11 12	7 12	...Shickshinny...	7 37	10 44	3 30
7 18	11 00	7 00	...Rick's Ferry...	7 50	11 11	3 52
7 11	10 54	6 54	...Beach Haven...	7 57	11 06	3 58
7 05	10 47	6 47	.....Berwick....	8 04	11 13	4 05
6 58	10 41	6 41	...Briar Creek...	8 10	11 20	4 12
6 54	10 38	6 38	..Willow Grove..	8 14	11 25	4 16
6 50	10 34	6 34	...Lime Ridge...	8 18	11 29	4 20
6 42	10 27	6 27	.....Espy.....	8 25	11 36	4 27
6 36	10 21	6 21	...Bloomsburg...	8 30	11 44	4 34
6 30	10 16	6 16	.....Rupert.....	8 36	11 50	4 40
6 25	10 11	6 11	Catawi'a Bridge	8 41	11 55	4 45
6 08	9 56	5 56	....Danville....	8 58	12 15	5 04
6 00	9 49	5 49	....Chulasky....	9 05	12 21	5 12
5 55	9 45	5 45	.....Cameron....	9 08	12 25	5 17
5 49	9 39	5 39	Northumberland	9 25	12 40	5 35
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.

Superintendent's office, Scranton, Feb. 1st, 182

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect Nov. 8th, 1885. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD,

9.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 6.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 4.40 p. m.; Washington, 5.50 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.43 p. m.—Day express daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 p. m.; New York, 9.35 p. m.; Baltimore 6.45 p. m.; Washington, 8.00 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

7.50 p. m.—Renovo Accommodation (daily, for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.; New York 7.00 a. m. Baltimore, 5.25 a. m.; Washington 6.30 a. m. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. On Sundays a through sleeping car will be run on this train from Williamsport to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

7.50 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8.25 a. m. New York, 11.30 a. m.; Baltimore 8.15 a. m.; Washington, 9.25 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.20 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie and all intermediate stations and Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9.55—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1.40 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations and Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Williamsport.

5.30 p. m. Fast Line (daily except Sunday) for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

9.30 a. m.—Sunday mail for Renovo and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Sunday mail leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m Harrisburg 7.40 arriving at Sunbury 9.30 a. m. with through sleeping car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury 9.55. a. m.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury, 1.00 p. m., with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 9.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.50 a. m.; Washington, 9.50 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.20 p. m.; Washington, 10.00 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.2? p. m., (daily except Saturday) arriving at Sunbury 5.15 a. m., with through Pullman Sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 10.00 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.52 a. m., Wilkes-barre 12.18 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.45 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.37 p. m., Wilkes-barre 7.58 p. m

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 10.40 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 12.05 p. m., Sunbury 12.55 p. m

Express Westward leaves Wilkes-barre 2.45 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4.15 p. m., Sunbury 5.10 p.m.

UNDAY ONLY.

Sunday mail leaves Sunbury 9.25 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.14 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 11.35 a.m.

Sunday accommodation leaves Wilkes-Barre 5.15 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry, 6.48 p. m., Sunbury, 7.45 p. m.

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Sept 2 -3m H. E. HOOKER COMPANY, Rochester, N. Y.

Fattening Sheep in Winter.

Comparatively few farmers succeed in fattening sheep in Winter. A neighbor told me the other day that last Fall he bought one hundred and fifty sheep, fed them straw, hay, cornstalks, and grain, all Winter, and sold them for forty-five dollars more than he paid for them. "I got a lot of good manure," he said, "and that and the forty-five dollars is all I have to show for the feed and labor. It does not pay."

If you can buy sheep in the Fall for three cents a pound, it will pay. It will pay still better to buy them for four cents, and sell them for eight cents per pound. We can sometimes do even better than this. One thing is certain: it does not pay to try to fatten poor sheep in